

R1520

Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router





Guangzhou Robustel LTD www.robustel.com

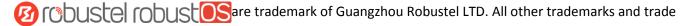


About This Document

This document provides hardware and software information of the Robustel High-speed intelligent LTE router R1520, including introduction, installation, configuration and operation.

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical
 equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
 - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
 - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
 - 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the Router in Vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.



Protecting Your Router

To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.



Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EU	The European RoHS2.0 2011/65/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 1 July 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain Hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.	RoH5 compliant
2012/19/EU	The European WEEE 2012/19/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 24 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment.	
2013/56/EU	The European 2013/56/EU Directive is a battery Directive which published in the EU official on 10 December 2013. The button battery used in this product conforms to the sta 2013/56/EU directive.	•

Table 2: Standards of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China

Table 2:	Standard	ds of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China
SJ/T	11363-	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11363-2006 "Requirements
2006		for Concentration Limits for Certain Toxic and Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information
		Products" issued by the ministry of information industry of the People's Republic of China on
		November 6, 2006, stipulates the maximum allowable concentration of toxic and hazardous
		substances in electronic information products.
		Please see <u>Table 3</u> for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be
		contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.
SJ/T	11364-	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11364-2014 "Labeling
2014		Requirements for Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products"
		issued by the ministry of Industry and information technology of the People's Republic of China on
		July 9, 2014, stipulates the Labeling requirements of hazardous substances in electronic and
		electrical products, environmental protection use time limit and whether it can be recycled.
		This standard is applicable to electronic and electrical products sold within the territory of the
		People's Republic of China, and can also be used for reference in the logistics process of electronic
		and electrical products.
		The orange logo below is used for Robustel products:
		Indicates its warning attribute, that is, some hazardous substances are contained in the product.
		The "10" in the middle of the legend refers to the environment-friendly Use Period (EFUP) * of
		electronic information product, which is 10 years. It can be used safely during the environment-
		friendly Use Period. After the environmental protection period of use, it should enter the recycling
		system.
		*The term of environmental protection use of electronic information products refers to the term
		during which the toxic and hazardous substances or elements contained in electronic information
		products will not be leaked or mutated and cause serious pollution to the environment or serious
		damage to people and property under normal conditions of use.
· ·	·	

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Table 3: Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements with Defined Concentration Limits

Name of the	Hazard	dous Sub	stances							
Part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)	(DEHP)	(BBP)	(DBP)	(DIBP)
Metal parts	0	0	0	0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Circuit modules	0	0	0	О	0	0	0	0	О	О
Cables and cable assemblies	o	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	o	0
Plastic and polymeric parts	0	0	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

X:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

-:

Indicates that it does not contain the toxic or hazardous substance.



Document History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Date	Firmware Version	Document Version	Change Description
Jun. 11, 2020	3.1.0	v 1.0.0	Initial release
Oct. 15, 2020	3.1.0	v 1.0.1	Revised the maximum output current of DO
			Revised the description of DO
			Revised the picture of SIM Card Sticker



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Chapter 1 Product Overview

1.1 Introduction

The Robustel industrial dual SIM cellular VPN router (R1520) is a rugged cellular router can support 2G, 3G, and 4G LTE Cat 4 networks. It provides high-speed wireless network bandwidth for devices through wireless connections to ensure stable wireless network connections.

R1520 is a powerful router developed from RobustOS, a Robustel self-developed and Linux-based operating system which is designed to be used in Robustel devices. The RobustOS includes basic networking features and protocols providing customers with a very good customized user experience, which is more diverse, convenient, and practical. Meanwhile, Robustel offers a Software Development Kit (SDK) for partners and customers to allow additional customization by using C. It also provides rich Apps to meet fragmented IoT market demands.

1.2 Package Contents

Before installing your R1520 Router, verify the kit contents as following.

Note: The following pictures are for illustration purposes only, not based on their actual sizes.

1 x Robustel R1520 High-speed intelligent LTE router



1 x 2-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block with lock for power supply



1 x 2*4-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block for serial port





1 x 2*3-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block for DI/DO/AI interface



• 1 x SMA-J cellular antenna (rubber antenna)



• 1 x RP-SMA-J WiFi antenna (rubber antenna)



• Ethernet cable



1 x SIM Card Sticker



Optional Accessories (sold separately)

SMA-J cellular antenna (rubber antenna or Magnet antenna is optional)
 rubber antenna
 Magnet antenna







RP-SMA-J WiFi antenna (rubber antenna or Magnet antenna is optional)
 rubber antenna
 Magnet antenna

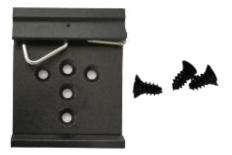




SMA-J GPS antenna (Magnetic or adhesive is optional)



• 35 mm DIN Rail mounting kit



• AC/DC power adapter (12V DC, 1.5 A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)





1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

Number of antennas: 2 (MAIN + AUX)

Connector: SMA-K

• SIM: 2, Standard SIM or eSIM

Standards: FDD LTE/TDD LTE, backward compatible to 2G/3G

Ethernet Interface

Number of ports: 5 x 10/100 Mbps (It can be configured as 5x LAN or 4 x LAN + 1 x WAN)

• ETH0 port: supports 802.3at PD function

Magnet isolation protection: 1.5 KV

WiFi Interface

• Number of antennas: 2 (WiFi1 + WiFi2)

Connector: RP-SMA-K

• Standards: 802.11b/g/n, 2*2 MIMO, supports AP and Client modes

Frequency bands: 2.4GHz

Security: Open、WPA、WPA2、WEP

Encryption: AES、TKIP、WEP64

Data speed: Maximum rate is 300 Mbps

GPS Interface (Optional, depending on the cellular module)

• Number of antennas: 1

Connector: SMA-K, 50 ohm characteristic impedance

Positioning technology: GPS, QZSS, GLONASS, Galileo, BeiDou

Serial Interface

Number of ports: 1 x RS-232 and 1 x RS-485

Connector: 2 *4-pin 3.5 mm female socket

ESD protection: ±8 KV Air

RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, SGND

RS-485: Data+ (A), Data- (B)

DI/DO

Type: 1 x DI (wet contact) + 1 x DO (wet contact)

• Connector: 2*3-pin 3.5 mm female socket

Isolation: 3KVDC

Absolute maximum: "V+"+ 30 V DC (DI, 30 V DC (DO)

Maximum input current of DI: 10 mA

Maximum output current of DO: 10 mA

Analog Input

Type: 1 x Al

Connector: 2*3-pin 3.5 mm female socket(Shared with DI / DO)



Measuring range: 4 ~ 20mA / 0 ~ 24V

Others

1 x Reset button (Tact Switch)

• 1 x 480 Mbps high-speed USB 2.0 interface (host mode), Type A, 5V / 500 mA

LED indicators - 1 x RUN, 1 x Modem, 1 x USR, 1 x WiFi, 1 x RSSI

Power Supply and Consumption

Connector: 2-pin 3.5 mm female socket with lock

Input voltage: 9 to 36V DC

• Power consumption: Idle: 100 mA@12 V;

Data link: 1000 mA (peak) @12 V

Physical Characteristics

Ingress protection: IP30

Housing & Weight: Plastic, 250 g

• Dimensions: 105mm (length) x 90mm(width) x 46mm(thickness)

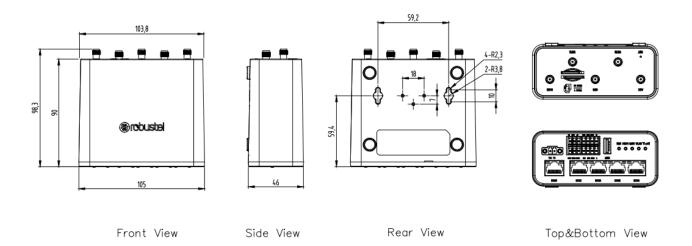
Installations: Desktop, wall mounting or DIN rail mounting (Wall mounting and Din rail mounting installation

requires additional installation accessories)

Operating Temperature: -25~+70 °C
 Storage Temperature: -40~+85 °C

• Relative Humidity: 5~95% RH

1.4 Dimensions





Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

2.1 Definition of Power Interface



PIN	Description	Note
1	V+	Positive
2	V-	Negative

2.2 Interface Definition of 2 * 3 3.5mm





PIN	DI	DO	Al	Note
1	IN			Digital input positive
2		OUT		Digital output positive
3		1	Al	Analog input
4	IGND	-1	-1	Digital input negative
5		OGND	1	Digital output negative
6			AGND	Analog input signal ground

2.3 Interface Definition of 2 * 4 3.5mm



PIN	RS-232	RS-485	Note	
1	TXD		Router \rightarrow Device	
2	RTS		Router \rightarrow Device	
3		GND	RS485 signal ground	
4		В	RS485 Data+ (B)	
5	RXD		Router ← Device	
6	CTS		Router ← Device	
7	SGND		RS232 signal ground	
8		А	RS485 Data+ (A)	



2.4 LED indicator



Name		Color	Status	Description	
			On, solid	Router is powered on (System is initializing)	
RUN		Green	On, blinking	Router starts operating	
			Off	Router is powered off	
			On, solid	Link connection is working	
MDM		Green	On, blinking	Data is sent and received.	
			Off	Link connection is not working	
	USR-OpenVPN	Green	On, solid	OpenVPN connection is established	
USR	OSK-Openven	Green	Off	OpenVPN connection is not established	
USK	USR-IPsec	Green	On, solid	IPsec connection is established	
			Off	IPsec connection is not established	
			en On, solid	Signal level: Best signal level	
		Green	On, sond	Wireless module: 21-31 dB (High Signal strength)	
		Green	On, blinking	Signal level: Average signal level	
RSSI		Green	On, billiking	Wireless module: 11-20 dB (Medium Signal strength)	
			Off	Signal level: Abnormal signal level	
		Green	Oli	Wireless module : 1-10 dB (Low Signal strength)	
		Green	Off	No signal	
WLAN		Green	On, solid	WiFi is enabled and working properly	
WLAN		Green	Off	WiFi is disabled or not working properly	

Note: 1. click Services > Advanced > system > System Settings > Custom LED Indicator type to set the display type of USR LED.

2. When the LEDs start blinking one by one, the WLAN indicator will not turn on and off.



2.5 USB Interface



Function	Operation
	The USB interface can be used for batch firmware upgrades, but it cannot send
	or receive data with slave devices connected to the USB interface. The user can
Firmware	insert a USB storage device, such as a U disk or a hard disk, at the USB interface.
upgrade	If there is a configuration file or router firmware in the USB storage device, the
	router will automatically update the configuration file or firmware. For details,
	please refer to "4.2.6 USB".



2.6 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Press and hold the RST button for 2 to 7 seconds under the operating status.
Restore to factory	Wait for 0~20 seconds after powering up the router, press and hold the RST button with a
default settings	pointed bar until all five LEDs start blinking one by one, and release the button to return the
	router to factory defaults.

2.7 Ethernet Ports

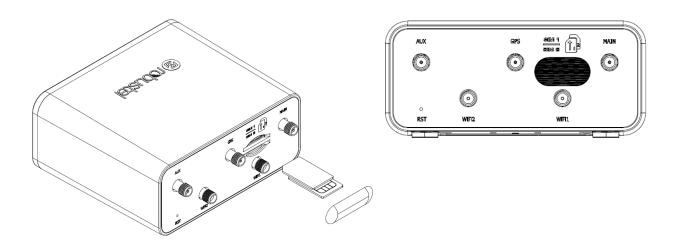




There are five Ethernet ports on R1520, including ETH0 (POE), ETH1, ETH2, ETH3 and ETH4. Each has two LED indicators. The green one is a link indicator but the yellow one doesn't mean anything. For details about status, see the table below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Link indicator	On, solid	Connection is established
(Green)	Green) On, blinking Data is being transferred	
	Off	Connection is not established

2.8 Insert or Remove SIM Card



Insert or remove the SIM card as shown in the following steps.

Insert SIM card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. To insert SIM card, press the card with finger until you hear a click.
- 3. After the SIM card is inserted, attach the SIM card sticker to the card slot.

Remove SIM card

- 1. Make sure router is powered off.
- 2. Tear the SIM card sticker from the slot.
- 3. To remove SIM card, press the SIM card with finger until you hear a click and it pops out and then take out the card.

Note:

- Use the specific M2M SIM card when the device is working in extreme temperature, because the regular card for long-time working in harsh environment will be disconnected frequently.
- 2. Do not touch the metal of the card surface in case information in the card will lose or be destroyed.

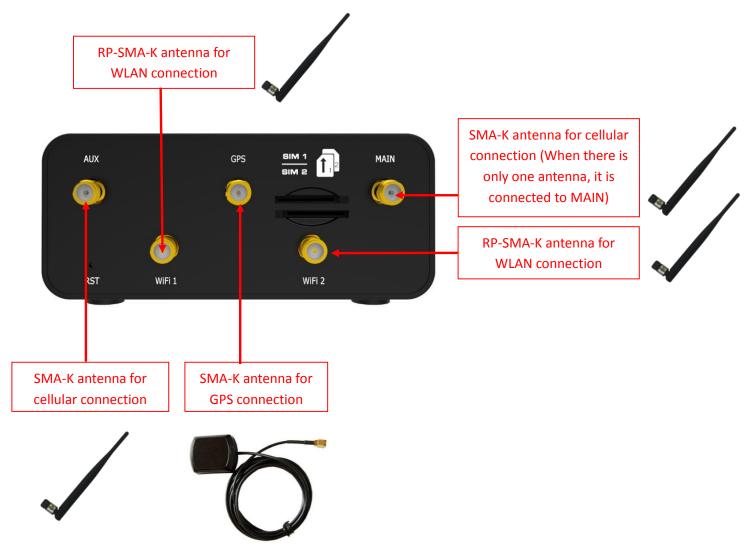


- 3. Do not bend or scratch the card.
- 4. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 5. Make sure router is powered off before inserting or removing the card.

2.9 Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)

Attach an external SMA antenna to the router's antenna connector and twist tightly. Make sure the antenna is within the correct frequency range provided by the ISP and with 50 Ohm impedance.

Note: Recommended torque for tightening is 0.35 N.m.



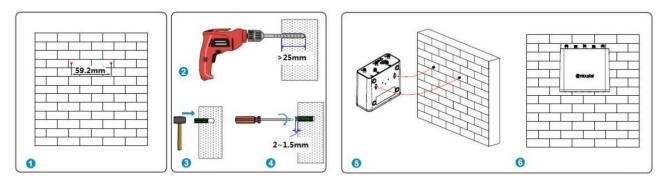


2.10 Mount the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a 35 mm DIN rail.

Two methods for mounting the router

Wall mounting (measured in mm)

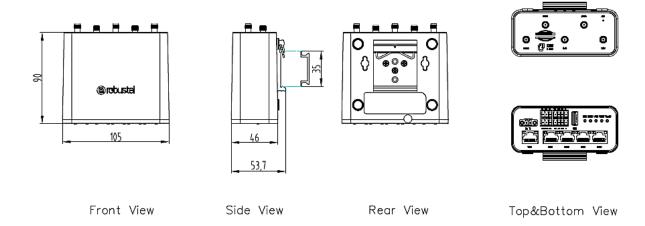


First, drill holes on the wall, the distance between the two holes is 60mm, then knock the expansion pipe into the wall with a rubber hammer, align the screw with the expansion pipe, insert the screw and reserve the corresponding length, and finally fix the product on the wall.

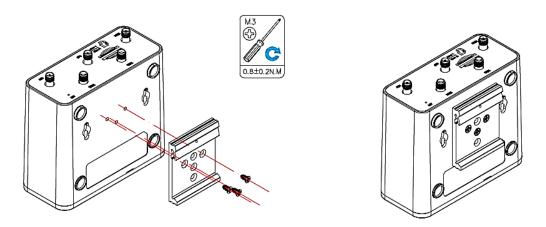
Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

2. DIN rail mounting (measured in mm)

Option 1: Vertical installation



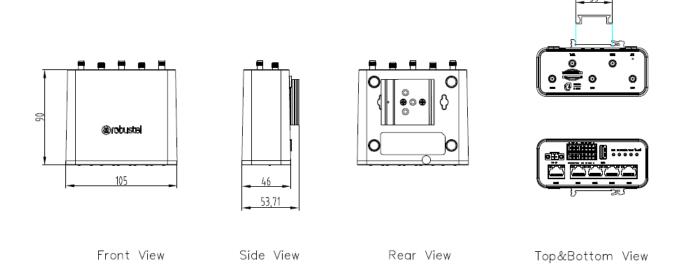




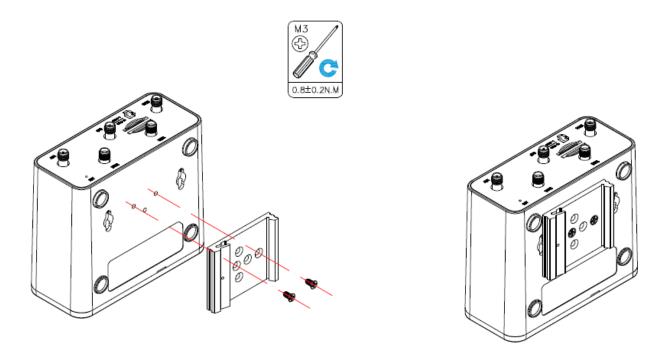
Use 3 pcs of M3*8 Black cross recessed countersunk head tapping screws to mount the router on the DIN rail, and then hang the DIN rail on the holder. You need to choose a standard holder.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 0.8 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.0 N.m.

Option 2: Horizontal installation







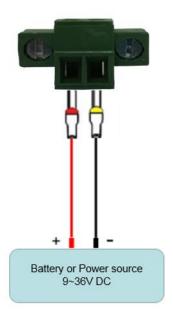
Use 3 pcs of M3*8 Black cross recessed countersunk head tapping screws to mount the router on the DIN rail, and then hang the DIN rail on the holder. You need to choose a standard holder.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 0.8 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.0 N.m.

2.11 Connect the Router to a Computer

Connect the Ethernet port (ETH1 ~ ETH4) of the router to a PC with a standard crossover cable.

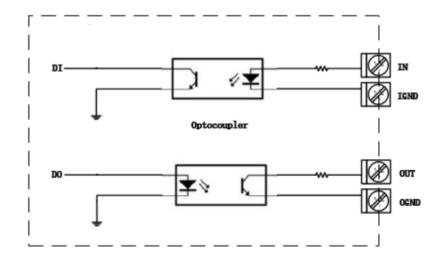
2.12 Power Supply





PIN	Description	Note
1	Power supply Positive	Connect the adapter or battery positive (red wire)
2	Power supply negative	Connect the adapter or battery negative (black wire)

2.13 DI/DO Interface



R1520 supports 1 channel DI and 1 channel DO, the internal schematic diagram is as shown above;

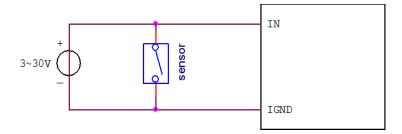
1. DI application

R1520 DI input is internally isolated by opt coupler, internal current-limiting design, within the working level of 0 $^{\sim}$ 30V, external input does not need current limiting, DI input logic level range is as follows:

Logic 1 level range: min 3.5 V to max 30 V;

Logic 0 level range: \min 0 V to \max 1 V;

The application example is as follows:

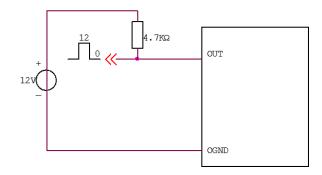


2. DO application

R1520 DO output is internally isolated by opt occupler, OUT is OC gate output, Normal use requires external resistor pull-up, the pull-up voltage range is $3V \sim 30V$ (for actual use, please consult Technical Support Engineer for selection of pull-up resistor);

The application example is as follows:

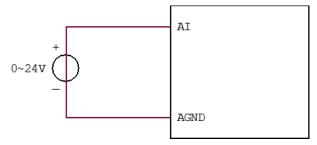




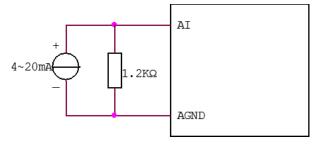
2.14 Al Interface

R1520 supports one channel AI interface for analog signal voltage and current measurement;

1. $0 \sim 24V$ voltage measurement, wiring as shown below:



2. 4 ~ 20mA current signal measurement requires an external parallel 1.2kohm resistor, wiring as shown below:





Chapter 3 Initial Configuration

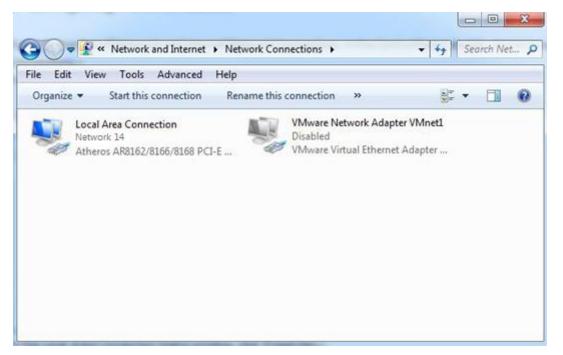
The router can be configured through your web browser that including IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox, etc. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface, it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configure the PC

There are two methods to get IP address for the PC. One is to obtain an IP address automatically from "Local Area Connection", and another is to configure a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Please refer to the steps below.

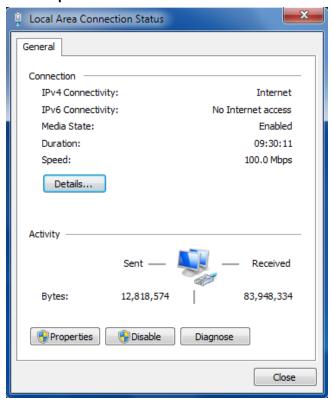
Here take Windows 7 as example, and the configuration for windows system is similar.

1. Click Start > Control Panel, double-click Network and Internet, and then double-click Network Connections.

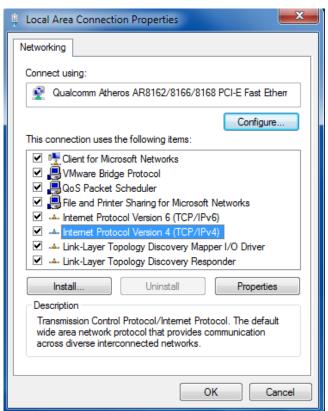




2. Click **Properties** in the window of **Local Area Connection Status**.



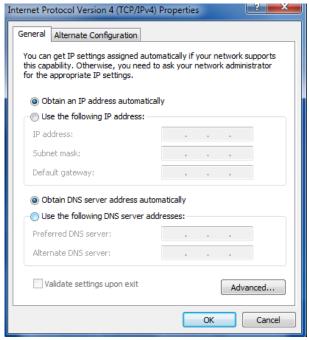
3. Choose Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties.





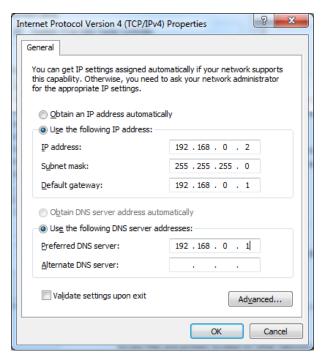
4. Two ways for configuring the IP address of PC

Obtain an IP address from the DHCP server automatically; Click "Obtain an IP address automatically";



Use the following IP address:

(Configured a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router, click and configure "Use the following IP address"



5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.



3.2 Factory Default Settings

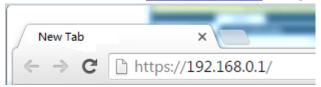
Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
ETH0/POE	Default WAN mode
ETH1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH2	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH3	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH4	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled

3.3 Log in the Router

To log in to the management page and view the configuration status of your router, please follow the steps below.

- 1. On your PC, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer and Google, etc.
- 2. From your web browser, type the IP address of the router into the address bar and press enter. The default IP address of the router is http://192.168.0.1/, though the actual address may vary.



3. In the login page, enter the username and password, choose language and then click **LOGIN**. The default username and password are "admin".

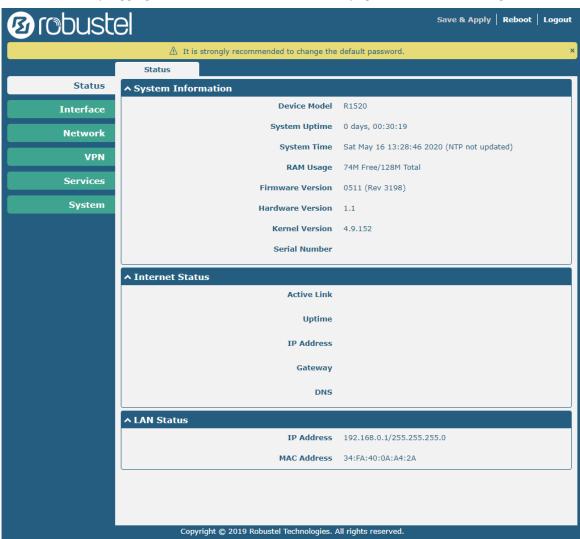
Note: If enter the wrong username or password over 6 times, the login web will be locked for 5 minutes.





3.4 Control Panel

After successfully logging into the R1520 router, the home page is as shown in the figure below:



In the home page, the user can save the configuration, restart the router, log out, and so on.

Using the original username and password to log in the router, the page will pop up the following tab.

riangle It is strongly recommended to change the default password.

It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you change the default username and/or password.

Click the to close the popup. To change your username and/or password, see **4.6.6 User Management**.

Control Panel		
Item	Description	Button
Save & Apply	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash and apply the modification on every configuration page, to make the modification taking effect.	Save & Apply
Reboot	Click to reboot the router. If the Reboot button is yellow, it means that some completed configurations will take effect only after reboot.	Reboot



Logout	Click to log the current user out safely. After logging out, it will switch to	Logout
	login page. Shut down web page directly without logout, the next one can	
	login web on this browser without a password before timeout.	
Submit	Click to save the modification on current configuration page.	Submit
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on current configuration page.	Cancel

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Submit under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Submit under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- 6. Click Save & Apply.



Chapter 4 Router Configuration

4.1 Status

4.1.1 System Information

This section allows you to view the System Information of your Router.

↑ System Information	
Device Model	R1520
System Uptime	0 days, 01:45:48
System Time	Sat May 16 14:44:15 2020 (NTP not updated)
RAM Usage	76M Free/128M Total
Firmware Version	0511 (Rev 3198)
Hardware Version	1.1
Kernel Version	4.9.152
Serial Number	

System Information		
Item	Description	
Device Model	Show the model name of your device.	
System Uptime	Show the current amount of time the router has been connected.	
System Time	Show the current system time.	
RAM Usage	Show the free memory and the total memory.	
Firmware Version	Show the firmware version running on the router.	
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version.	
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version.	
Serial Number	Show the serial number of your device, from which you can get information such as the	
	router's time of delivery.	



4.1.2 Internet Status

This section shows the Internet status information of your Router.

↑ Internet Status	
Active Link	WWAN1
Uptime	0 days, 00:39:31
IP Address	10.122.74.11/255.255.255.248
Gateway	10.122.74.9
DNS	210.21.4.130 221.5.88.88

Internet Status		
Item	Description	
Active Link	Show the current active link. WWAN1, WWAN2, WAN or WLAN.	
Uptime	Show the current amount of time the link has been connected.	
IP Address	Show the IP address of current link.	
Gateway	Show the gateway address of the current link.	
DNS	Show the current primary DNS server and secondary server.	

4.1.3 LAN Status

This section shows the router's LAN status information.

^ LAN Status	
IP Address	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0
MAC Address	34:FA:40:0A:A4:2A

LAN Status		
Item	Description	
IP Address	Show the IP address and the Netmask of the router.	
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the router.	



4.2 Interface

4.2.1 Link Manager

This section allows you to setup the connection of Link Manager. Link manager is a network link backup function that provides mobile network and Ethernet link backups.

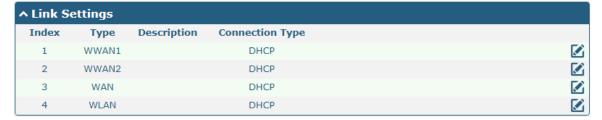


General Settings @ Link Manager		
Item	Description	Default
Primary Link	Select from "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN" or "WLAN".	WWAN1
	WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as the primary wireless link	
	WWAN1: Select to make SIM2 as the primary wireless link	
	WAN: Select to make WAN as the primary wired link	
	WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the primary wireless link	
	Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please	
	refer to 4.2.5 WiFi .	
Backup Link	Select from "WWAN1", "WWAN2", "WAN" or "None".	WWAN2
	WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as the backup wireless link	
	WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as the backup wireless link	
	WAN: Select to make WAN as the backup wired link	
	WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the backup wireless link	
	Note: WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please	
	refer to 4.2.5 WiFi .	
	None: Do not select any backup link	
Backup Mode	Select from "Cold Backup", "Warm Backup" or "Load Balancing".	Cold
	Cold Backup: The inactive link is offline on standby	Backup
	Warm Backup: The inactive link is online on standby	
	Note: Warm backup mode is not available for dual SIM backup.	
	Load Balancing: Use two links simultaneously	
Revert Interval	Specify the number of minutes that elapses before the primary link is	0
	checked if a backup link is being used in cold backup mode. 0 means disable	
	checking.	
	Note: Revert interval is available only under the cold backup mode.	
Emergency Reboot	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to reboot the	OFF
	whole system if no links available.	

Note: Click ? for help.



Link Settings allows you to configure the parameters of link connection, including WWAN1, WWAN2, WAN and WLAN. It is recommended to enable Ping detection to keep the router always online. The Ping detection increases the reliability and also costs the data traffic.



Click on the right-most of WWAN1/WWAN2/WAN/WLAN to enter the configuration window.

WWAN1/ WWAN2

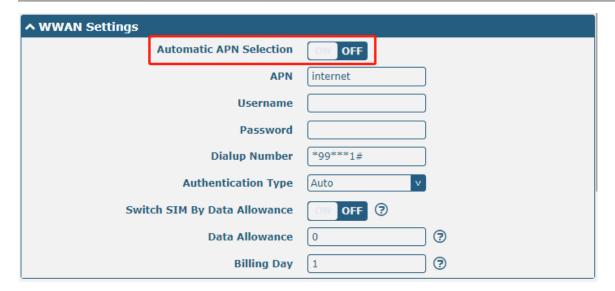


The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.

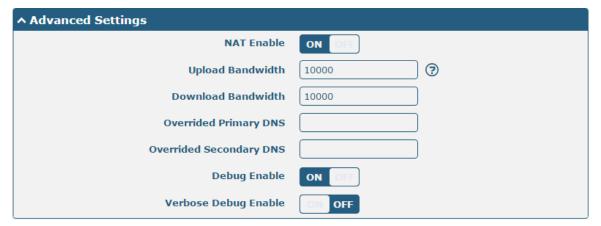


The window is displayed as below when disabling the "Automatic APN Selection" option.









Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WWAN1
Description	Enter a description for this link. It can be null.	Null
WWAN Settings		



Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
Automatic APN	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Automatic APN Selection"	ON
Selection	option. After enabling, the device will recognize the access point name	
	automatically. Alternatively, you can disable this option and manually add	
	the access point name.	
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by	internet
	local ISP.	
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Dialup Number	Enter the dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
Switch SIM By Data	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. After enabling, it will	
Allowance	switch to another SIM when the data limit reached.	OFF
	Note: Only used for dual SIM backup.	
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data	0
	traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic	
	record will be displayed in Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN	
	Data Usage Statistics. 0 means disable data traffic record.	
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be	1
	recalculated from that day.	
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keep-alive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.11
	current connectivity is active.	4.114
Ping Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Ping Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Ping Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advanced Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option.	ON
Upload Bandwidth	Set the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Set the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary DNS	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null



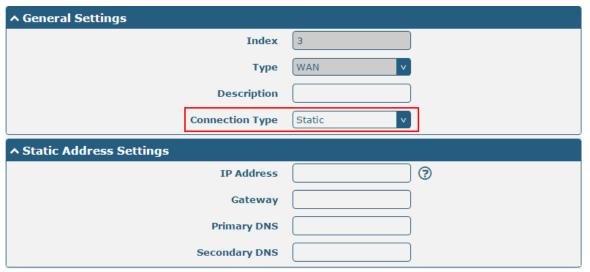
Link Settings (WWAN)			
Item	Description	Default	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON	
	information output.		
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF	
	debugging information output.		

WAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from DHCP server if choosing "DHCP" as connection type. The window is displayed as below.

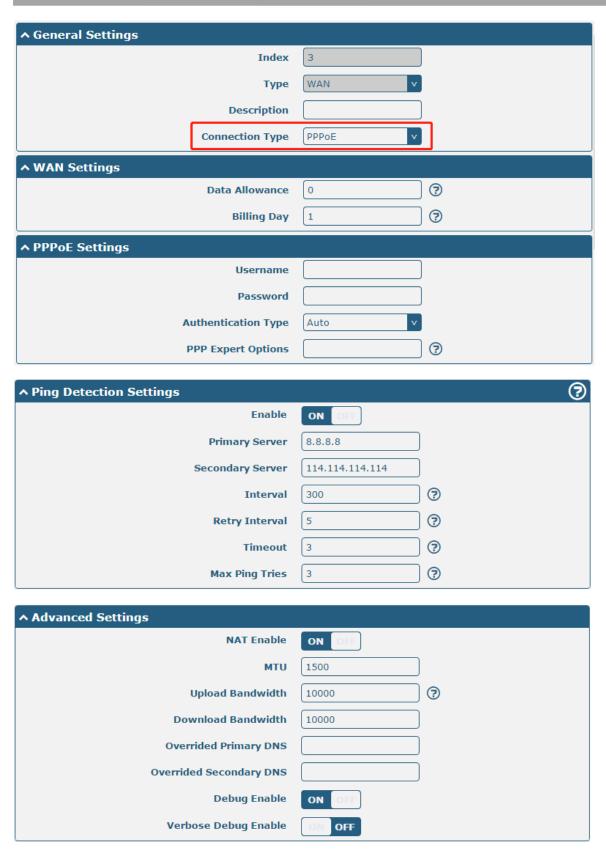


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "PPPoE" as the connection type.







Link Settings (WAN)		
Item	Description	Default
General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WAN
Description	Enter a description for this link. It can be null.	Null
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP", "Static" or "PPPoE".	DHCP
	Static Address Settings	
IP Address	Set the IP address with Netmask which can access the internet.	Null
	IP address with Netmask, e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	
Router	Set the router of the IP address in WAN port.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
	PPPoE Settings	
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
PPP Expert Options	Enter the PPP Expert options used for PPPoE dialup. You can enter some	Null
	other PPP dial strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a	
	semicolon.	
	WAN Settings	
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data	OFF
	traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic	
	record will be displayed in Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN	
	Data Usage Statistics. 0 means disable data traffic record.	
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be	1
	recalculated from that day. If not set, traffic will not be counted.	
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keep-alive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.1
	current connectivity is active.	14.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advanced Settings	T
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option.	ON
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
IVITO	Litter the Maximum Hansinission Offit.	1300



Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	debugging information output.	

WLAN

Router will obtain IP automatically from the WLAN AP if choosing "DHCP" as the connection type. The specific parameter configuration of SSID is shown as below.



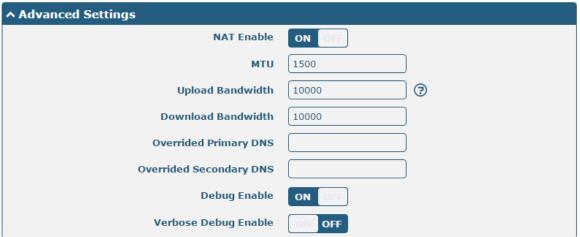
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Static" as the connection type.



R1520 does not support "PPPoE" WLAN connection types.



^ Ping Detection Settings	②
Enable	ON OFF
Primary Server	8.8.8.8
Secondary Server	114.114.114.114
Interval	300
Retry Interval	5
Timeout	3
Max Ping Tries	3



Link Settings (WLAN)		
Item	Description	Default
	General Settings	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Туре	Show the type of the link.	WLAN
Description	Enter a description for this link. It can be null.	Null
Connection Type	Select from "DHCP" or "Static".	DHCP
	WLAN Settings	
SSID	Enter a 1-32 characters SSID which your router wants to connect. SSID	router
	(Service Set Identifier) is the name of your wireless network.	
Connect to Hidden SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When router works	OFF
	as Client mode and needs to connect any access point which has hidden	
	SSID, you need to enable this option.	
Password	Enter an 8-63 characters password of the access point which your router	Null
	wants to connect.	
Static Address Settings		
IP Address	Enter the IP address with Netmask which can access the Internet,	Null
	e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	
Gateway	Enter the IP address of WiFi AP.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null



Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
	Ping Detection Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a	ON
	keepalive policy of the router.	
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	8.8.8.8
	current connectivity is active.	
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	114.114.1
	current connectivity is active.	14.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again	5
	every retry interval.	
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if	3
	the max continuous ping tries reached.	
	Advance Settings	
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation	ON
	option.	
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
DNS		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
	debugging information output.	

Status

This page allows you to view the status of link connection and clear the monthly data usage statistics.

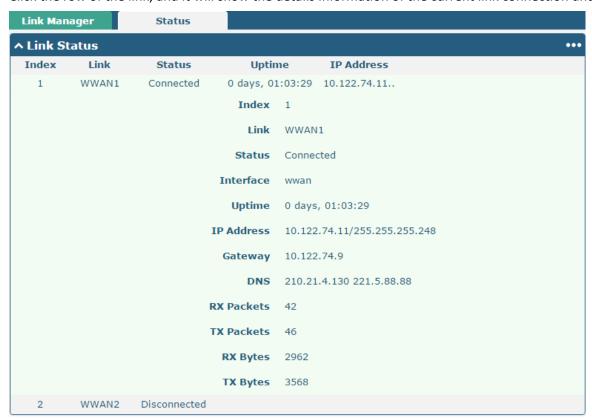


Click the right-most button ••• to select the connection status of the current link.





Click the row of the link, and it will show the details information of the current link connection under the row.



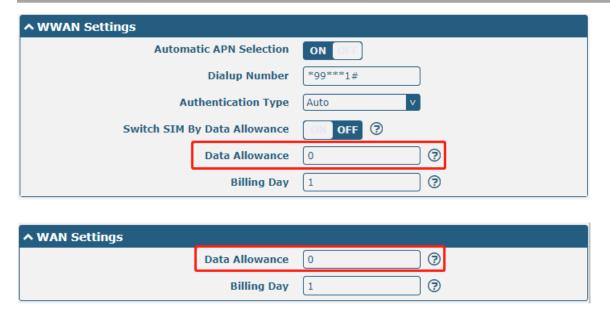


WWAN usage data statistics and WAN usage data statistics respectively count the packet flow of the cellular module and WAN.

Click the Clear button to clear the monthly data traffic usage statistics of SIM1 or SIM2. Data statistics will be

displayed only if enable the Data Allowance function in Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings > WWAN1/WWAN2/WAN Settings > Data Allowance.

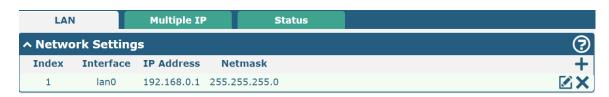




4.2.2 LAN

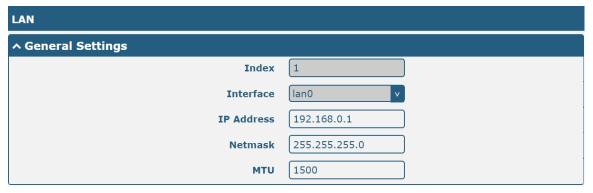
This section allows you to set the related parameters for LAN port. When ETH0 is configured as WAN, the router has four LAN ports, ETH1, ETH2, ETH3, and ETH4. The ETH1, ETH2, ETH3 and ETH4 can freely choose from lan0, lan1, lan2 and lan3. When ETH0 is configured as LAN, the router has five LAN ports, ETH0, ETH1, ETH2, ETH3, and ETH4. The ETH0, ETH1, ETH2, ETH3 and ETH4 can freely choose from lan0, lan1, lan2, lan3 or lan4. Whether it is four LAN ports or five LAN ports, lan0 must be selected by at least one LAN port. The default settings of ETH1/ETH2/ETH3/ETH4 are lan0 and their default IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

LAN



Note: Lan0 cannot be deleted.

You may click + to add a new LAN port, or click to delete the current LAN port. Now, click to edit the configuration of the LAN port.





General Settings @ LAN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Interface	Show the editing port.	lan0
	Note: Lan1 is available only if it was selected by one of ETH1~ETH4 in	
	Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings.	
IP Address	Set the IP address of the LAN port.	192.168.0.1
Netmask	Set the Netmask of the LAN port.	255.255.255.0
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.





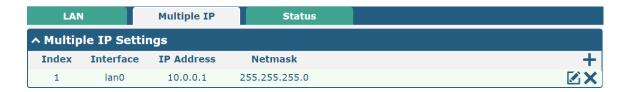
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Relay" as the mode.





LAN			
Item	Description	Default	
DHCP Settings			
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DHCP function.	ON	
Mode	Select the mode of DHCP from "Server" or "Relay".	Server	
	Server: Lease IP address to DHCP clients which have been		
	connected to LAN port		
	Relay: Router can be DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay		
	tunnel to solve problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server is not		
	in a same subnet		
IPv4 Pool Start	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased	192.168.0.2	
	to DHCP clients.		
IPv4 Pool End	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to	192.168.0.100	
	DHCP clients.		
Subnet Mask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from	255.255.255.0	
	DHCP server.		
DHCP Server for Relay	Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.	Null	
	DHCP Advanced Settings		
Router	Define the router assigned by the DHCP server to the clients, which	Null	
	must be on the same network segment with DHCP address pool.		
Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null	
Secondary DNS	Define the secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to	Null	
	the Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained		
	DNS.		
WINS Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP	Null	
	clients from DHCP sever.		
Lease Time	Set the lease time which the client can use the IP address obtained	120	
	from DHCP server, measured in seconds.		
Static lease	Bind a lease to correspond an IP address via a MAC address.	Null	
	format: mac,ip;mac,ip;, e.g. FF:ED:CB:A0:98:01,192.168.0.200		
Expert Options	Enter some other options of DHCP server in this field.	Null	
	format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. log-dhcp;quiet-dhcp		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for DHCP	OFF	
	information output.		

Multiple IP



You may click to edit the multiple IP of the LAN port, or click to delete the multiple IP of the LAN port. Now, click to add a new multiple IP of the LAN port.





IP Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Interface	Show the editing port, read only.	
IP Address	Set the multiple IP address of the LAN port.	Null
Netmask	Set the multiple Netmask of the LAN port.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of LAN connection.



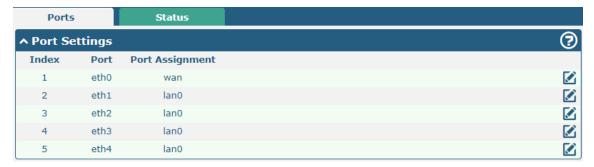
Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row.



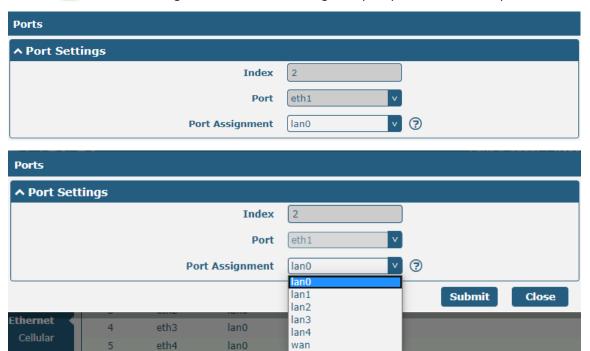


4.2.3 Ethernet

This section allows you to set the related parameters for Ethernet. There are five Ethernet ports on R1520 Router, including ETH0, ETH1, ETH2, ETH3 and ETH4. ETH0 can be configured as the WAN port for the router to access the outer network or the LAN port for the lower end devices to connect with the router. ETH1, ETH2, ETH3 and ETH4 can only be configured as a LAN port for the lower device to connect to the router. The default factory settings of ETH0 is Wan. ETH1, ETH2, ETH3 and ETH4 are lan0, and the default IP is 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.



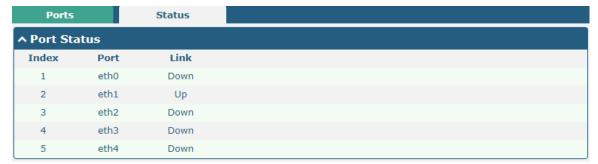
Click the displayment button on the right-most of eth1 to change the port parameters in the port window that pops up.



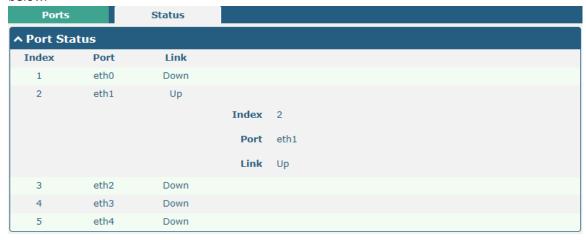
Port Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Port	Show the editing port, read only.	
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or a LAN port. When setting the	lan0
	port as a LAN port in Interface > LAN > LAN > Network Settings > General Settings,	
	you can click the drop-down list to select from "lan0", "lan1", "lan2" or "lan3"	



Click the status column to view the connection status of all Ethernet ports.

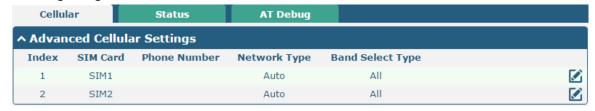


Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.



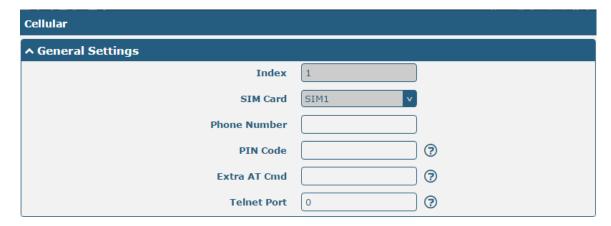
4.2.4 Cellular

This section allows you to set the related parameters of Cellular. The R1520 Router has two SIM card slot. When inserting a single SIM card for the first time, both Sim1 and sim2 slots are available.



Click the right most button of SIM 1 to edit the parameters.

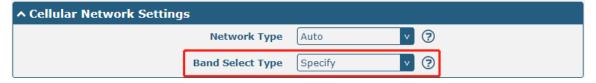




The window is displayed as below when choosing "Auto" as the network type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Specify" as the band select type.





↑ Band Settings	
GSM 850	OM OFF
GSM 900	OM OFF
GSM 1800	OM OFF
GSM 1900	OM OFF
WCDMA 800	OM OFF
WCDMA 850	OM OFF
WCDMA 900	OM OFF
WCDMA 1900	ON OFF
WCDMA 2100	OM OFF
WCDMA 1700	OM OFF
LTE Band 1	OM OFF
LTE Band 3	OM OFF
LTE Band 5	OM OFF
LTE Band 7	OM OFF
LTE Band 8	ON OFF
LTE Band 20	OM OFF
^ Advanced Settings	
Debug Enable	ON OFF
Verbose Debug Enable	ON OFF

Cellular			
Item Description Def			
	General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
SIM Card	Set the currently editing SIM card.	SIM1	
Phone Number	Enter the phone number of the SIM card.	Null	
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code used for unlocking the SIM.	Null	
Extra AT Cmd	Enter the AT commands used for cellular initialization.	Null	
Telnet Port	Specify the Port listening of telnet service, used for AT over Telnet.	0	
Cellular Network Settings			
Network Type	Select from "Auto", "4G Only", "4G First".	Auto	
	Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically		
	4G Only: Only the 4G network is connected		
	4G First: Connect to the 4G Network preferentially		
Band Select Type	Select from "All" or "Specify". You may choose certain bands if choosing	All	
	"Specify".		
Advanced Settings			



Cellular		
Item	Description	Default
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging	ON
	information output.	
Verbose Debug	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose	OFF
Enable	debugging information output.	

This section allows you to view the status of the cellular connection.

Cellula	r Statu	IS AT	Debug	
^ Status				
Index	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration
1	Ready	EC20F	460019372994937	Registered to home network



Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row.

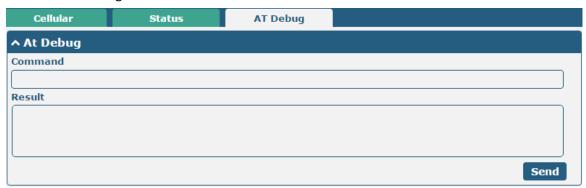
atus ex	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration
ex	Ready	EC20F		Registered to home network
	•	Index		<u> </u>
		Modem Status	Ready	
		Modem Model	EC20F	
		Current SIM	SIM1	
		Phone Number		
		IMSI	460019372994937	
		ICCID	89860118801079009	362
		Registration	Registered to home n	etwork
	N	etwork Provider	CHN-UNICOM	
		Network Type	LTE	
		Band	3	
		Signal Strength	19 (-75dBm)	
		RSRP	-107 dBm	
		RSRQ	-7 dB	
		SINR	21 dB	
		Bit Error Rate	99	
		PLMN ID	46001	
		Local Area Code	2507	
		Cell ID	6074702	
		IMEI	862107045897238	
	Fi	irmware Version	EC20CEFAGR06A09M4	4G

Status		
Item	Description	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Modem Status	Show the status of the radio module.	
Modem Model	Show the model of the radio module.	
Current SIM	Show the SIM card that your router is using: SIM1 or SIM2.	
Phone Number	Show the phone number of the current SIM.	
	Note: This option will be displayed if enter manually in Cellular > Advanced Cellular	
	Settings > SIM1 > General Settings > Phone Number.	
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.	
ICCID	Show the ICCID number of the current SIM.	
Registration	Show the current network status.	
Network Provider	Show the name of Network Provider.	
Network Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.	



Status		
Item	Description	
Band	Show the band of the current network.	
Signal Strength	Show the signal strength detected by the mobile.	
RSRP	Show the current RSRP when you register to the 4G network.	
RSRQ	Show the current RSRQ when you register to the 4G network.	
SINR	Show the current SINR when you register to the 4G network.	
EC/IO	Show EC/IO when registering to 3G networks.	
Bit Error Rate	Show the current bit error rate.	
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID.	
Local Area Code	Show the current local area code used for identifying different area.	
Community ID	Show the current Community ID used for locating the router.	
IMEI	Show the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) number of the radio	
	module.	
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version of the radio module.	

Click the "AT Debug" to detect the AT command.



AT Debug		
Item	Description	Default
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular module in this Null	
	text box.	
Result	Show the AT command responded by cellular module in this text box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send AT command.	



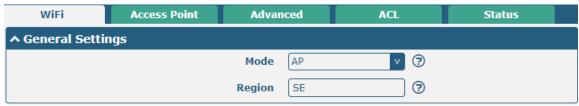
4.2.5 WiFi

This section allows you to configure the parameters of WiFi AP and WiFi Clinet. Router supports either WiFi AP mode or Client mode, and defaults as AP.

WiFi AP

Configure Router as WiFi AP

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "AP" as the mode and click "Submit".



Note: Please remember to click **Save & Apply** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

Click the **Access Point** column to configure the parameters of WiFi AP. By default, the security mode is set as "Disabled".





The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Personal" as the security mode.



The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA-Enterprise" as the security mode.



The window is displayed as below when setting "WEP" as the security mode.





General Settings @ Access Point 2G			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WiFi	OFF	
	access point option.		
Wireless Mode	Select from "11bgn Mixed", "11b only", "11g only" and	11bgn Mixed	
	"11n only".		
	11bgn Mixed: mix three protocols for backward		
	compatibility		
	• 11b only: IEEE 802.11b, 11 Mbps~2.4GHz		
	• 11g only: IEEE 802.11g, 54 Mbps~2.4GHz		
	• 11n only: IEEE 802.11n, 300 Mbps		
	The channel that different bandwidth can choose is as		
	follows.		
	Auto: Router will scan all frequency channels until		
	the best one is found		
	• 1~13 channel of 20MHz bandwidth will be fixed to		
	work with this channel:		
	1–2412 MHz		
	2–2417 MHz		
	3–2422 MHz		
	4–2427 MHz		
Channel	5–2432 MHz	Auto	
	6–2437 MHz		
	7–2442 MHz		
	8–2447 MHz		
	9–2452 MHz		
	10–2457 MHz		
	11–2462 MHz		
	12–2467 MHz		
	13–2472 MHz		
	• The frequency of 3~11 channels of 40MHz		
	bandwidth available channel:		



General Settings @ Access Point 2G			
Item	Description	Default	
	1–2412 MHz		
	2–2417 MHz		
	3–2422 MHz		
	4–2427 MHz		
	5–2432 MHz		
	6–2437 MHz		
	7–2442 MHz		
	8–2447 MHz		
	9–2452 MHz		
	10–2457 MHz		
	11–2462 MHz		
	12–2467 MHz		
	13–2472 MHz		
SSID	Enter the Service Set Identifier, the name of your	router	
	wireless network. The SSID of a client and the SSID of		
	the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able		
	to communicate with each other. Enter 1 to 32		
	characters.		
Broadcast SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SSID being	ON	
	broadcast. When enabled, the client can scan your		
	SSID. When disabled, the client cannot scan your SSID.		
	If you want to connect to the router AP, you need to		
	manually enter the SSID of router AP at WiFi client side.		
Security Mode	Select from "Disabled", "WPA-Personal", "WPA-	Disabled	
	Enterprise" or "WEP".		
	Disabled: User can access the WiFi without		
	password		
	Note : It is strongly recommended for security		
	purposes that you do not choose this kind of		
	mode.		
	WPA-personal: WiFi access protection, only one		
	password is provided for identity authentication		
	WPA-Enterprise: Supports 802.1x RADIUS		
	authentication.		
	WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy provides encryption		
	for wireless device's data transmission		
WPA Version	Select from "Auto", "WPA" or "WPA2".	Auto	
	Auto: Router will choose automatically the most		
	suitable WPA version		
	WPA2 is a stronger security feature than WPA		



General Settings @ Access Point 2G		
Item	Description	Default
Encryption	Select from "TKIP" or "AES". TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP)	AES
	encryption uses a wireless connection. TKIP encryption can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication	
	 AES: AES encryption uses a wireless connection. AES can be used for CCMP WPA-PSK and WPA 802.1x authentication. AES is a stronger encryption 	
	algorithm than TKIP Note: The security mode will affect wireless	
	communication rate. Different wireless modes support different encryption modes. For example, 802.11n	
	supports neither WEP security mode nor TKIP algorithm. If they are used, the wireless communication rate will reduce to 54Mbps (802.11g mode). It is recommended to select AES in 802.11n mode.	
PSK Password	Enter the Pre share key password. Enter 8 to 63 characters.	Null
Radius Authentication Serv er Address	Enter the IP address of the Radius authentication server.	Null
Radius Authentication Serv er Port	Enter the port of the Radius authentication server.	1812
Radius Server Share Secret	Enter Radius to identify the server's Shared key.	Null
Group Key Update Interval	Enter the time period of group key renewal.	3600
WEP Key	Enter the WEP key. The key length should be 10 or 26 hexadecimal digits depending on which WEP key is used, 64 digits or 128 digits.	Null

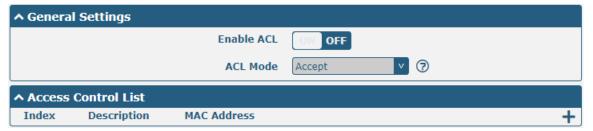


^ Advanced Settings	
Max Associated Stations	64
Beacon Interval	100
DTIM Period	2
RTS Threshold	2347
Fragmentation Threshold	2346
Transmit Rate	Auto
11N Transmit Rate	Auto
Transmit Power	Max
Channel Width	Auto v 🥱
Enable Short GI	ON OH 3
Enable AP Isolation	OFF ?
Debug Level	none

Advanced Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
Max Associated Stations	Set the max number of clients allowed to access the router's AP. (0 value means no limit)	0
Beacon Interval	Set the interval of time in which the router AP broadcasts a beacon which is used for wireless network authentication.	100
DTIM Period	Set the delivery traffic indication message period and the router AP will multicast the data according to this period.	2
RTS/CTS Threshold	Set the threshold of "request to send", which is the request to send a threshold. When the threshold set as 2347, the router AP will not send detection signal before sending data. And when the threshold set as 0, the router AP will send detection signal before sending data.	2347
Fragmentation Threshold	Set the fragmentation threshold of a WiFi AP. It is recommended that you use the default value 2346.	2346
Transmit Rate	Specify the data transfer rate or default to automatic.	Auto
11N Transmit Rate	Specifiy the data transfer rate in IEEE 802.11n WiFi mode or default to automatic.	Auto
Transmit Power	Select the transmit power level. Select from "Max", "High", "Medium" or "Low".	Max
bandwidth	Select from "20MHz" or "40MHz". Note: The 40MHz channel bandwidth provides an available data transfer rate that is more than twice that of a single 20MHz channel.	20MHZ
Enable Short GI	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Short Guard Interval option. Short GI is a blank time between two symbols, providing a long buffer time for signal delay. Using the Short GI would increase 11% in data rates, but also result in higher packet error rates.	ON
Enable AP Isolation	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the AP isolation option.	OFF



Advanced Settings @ Access Point		
Item	Description	Default
	When enabled, the router will isolate all connected wireless devices.	
	The wireless device cannot access the router directly via WLAN.	
Debug Level	Select from "verbose", "deBug", "info", "notice", "warning" or	none
	"none".	



Click + to add a MAC address to the Access Control List. The maximum count for MAC address is 64.

ACL	
^ Access Control List	
Index	1
Description	
MAC Address	

ACL Settings @ Access Point			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable ACL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	OFF	
ACL Mode	 Select ACL mode. Select from "Accept" or "Deny". Accept: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" can be allowed Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" will be denied Note: Router can only allow or deny devices which are included in 	Accept	
	"Access Control List" at one time.		
	Access Control List @ Access Point		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Description	Enter a description for this access control list.	Null	
MAC Address	Add a MAC address here.	Null	



This section allows you to view the status of AP.



Note: WiFi is off by default. Follow the steps below to enable it and configure the router as WiFi client.

WiFi Client

Configure Router as WiFi Client

Click Interface > WiFi > WiFi, select "Client" as the mode and regarding the AP type to choose the related Client Band then click "Submit".



And then a "WLAN" column will appear under the Interface list.

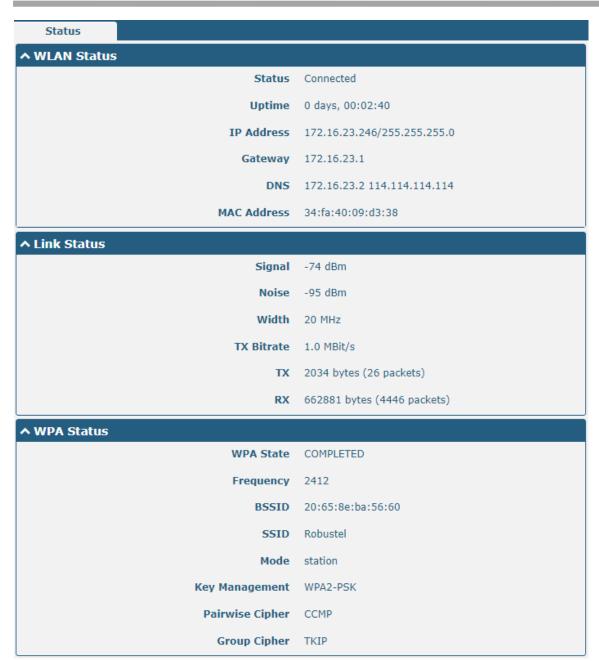


Click Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings, and click the edit button of WLAN, then configure its related parameters.

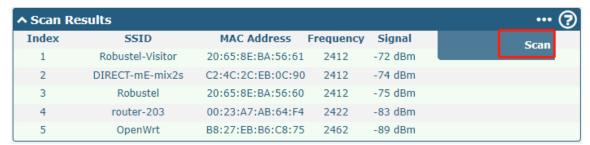


Click Interface > WLAN to configure the parameters of WiFi Client after setting the mode as Client.





Users can refresh the SSID scan results near the router. Click , and then click scan to refresh the surrounding SSID

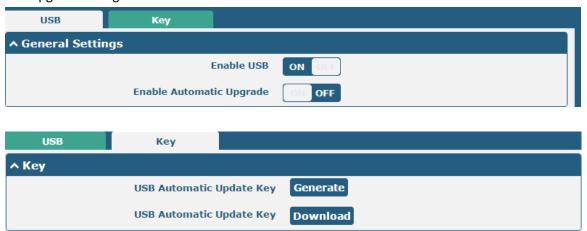


4.2.6 USB

This section allows you to configure the USB parameters. The router's USB interface can be used to upgrade firmware



and upgrade configuration.



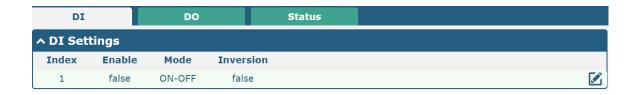
General Settings @ USB			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable USB	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the USB option.	ON	
Enable Automatic	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to automatically	OFF	
Upgrade	update the firmware of the router when inserting a USB storage device with a		
	router firmware.		
	Key		
Item	Description	Default	
USB Automatic Update	Click Generate to generate a key, and click Download to download the key.		
Kev			

Note: when using the USB automatic upgrade function, the LEDs start blinking one by one, it means that the upgrade is in progress. When LEDs stop blinking one by one, and the USER Indicators is on, it means that the upgrade is completed. After upgrading, the device will not restart automatically. If there is no LEDs start blinking one by one all the time, it means there is an exception, and it does not enter into the automatic upgrade process.

4.2.7 DI/DO

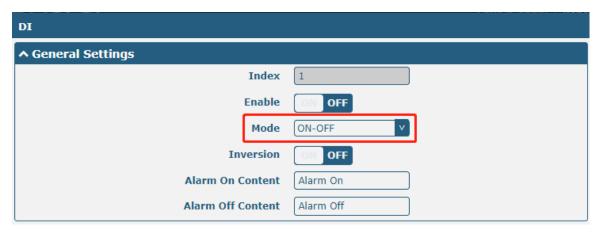
This section allows you to set the DI/DO parameters. Digital Input and Digital Output are the specific interfaces for R1520. The DI interface can be used for triggering alarm, while the DO can be used for controlling the slave device so as to realize real-time monitoring.

DI





Click the right-most button of DI index 1 as below. The window is displayed as below when the default mode is "ON-OFF".



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Counter" as the mode.

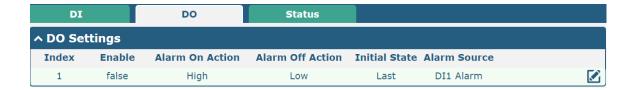


General Settings @ DI		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the digital input function.	OFF
Mode	Select from "ON-OFF" or "Counter".	ON-OFF
	ON-OFF: Alarm mode can be triggered at the DI access ON-OFF.	
	Counter: Event counter mode	
Inversion	The count is divided into a rising edge count of the level or a falling edge	OFF
	count. If the current rising edge count, the reverse edge is the falling edge	
	count.	
Threshold Value	The threshold value is a unique parameter when the mode is count. Set the	0
	threshold value to trigger the DI alarm when the count value reaches the	
	threshold value.	
Alarm On Content	Show the content when alarm on.	Alarm On
Alarm Off Content	Show the content when alarm off.	Alarm Off

Note: It defaults as high alarm, while turns to low alarm after enabling the "Inversion" button.



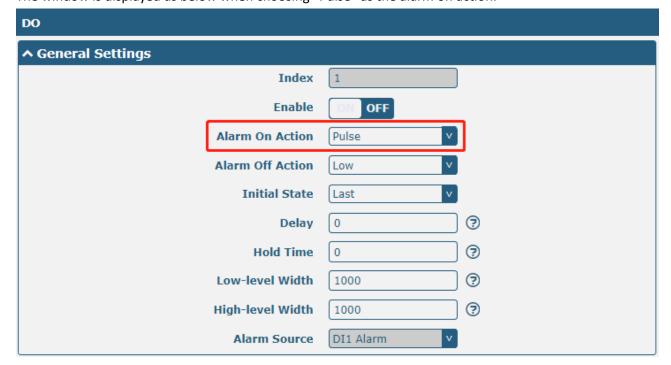
DO



Click to enter the DO index 1, the configuration window is shown as below.

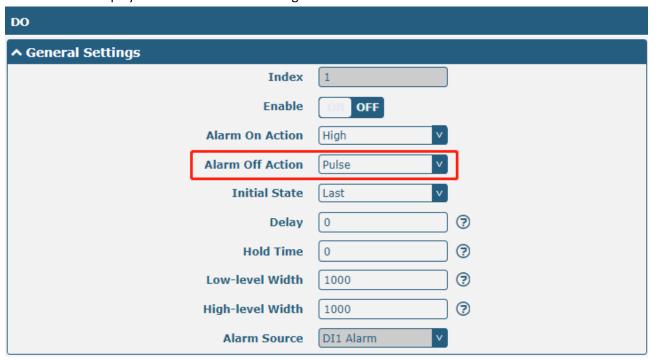


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Pulse" as the alarm on action.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Pulse" as the alarm off action.



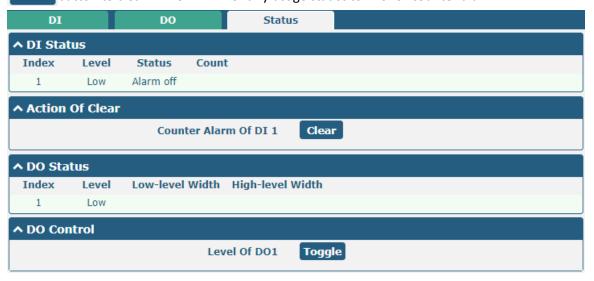
General Settings @ DO		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this DO.	OFF
Alarm On Action	Digital Output initiates when there is an alarm. Selected from "High", "Low" or "Pulse".	High
	High: a high electrical level output	
	Low: a low electrical level output	
	Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered	
Alarm Off	Digital Output initiates when alarm removed. Selected from "High", "Low" or "Pulse".	Low
Action	High: a high electrical level output	
	Low: a low electrical level output	
	 Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered 	
Initial State	Specify the Digital Output status when powered on. Selected from "Last", "High" or "Low".	Last
	Last: DO's status will consist with the status of last power off	
	High: DO interface is in high electrical level	
	Low: DO interface is in low electrical level	
Delay	Set the delay time for DO alarm start-up. The first pulse will be generated after a	0
(unit: 100ms)	"Delay". Enter from 0 to 3000 (0=generate pulse without delay).	
Hold Time	Set the hold time of DO status (Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action). When the action	0
(unit: s)	time reach this specified time, DO will stop the action. Enter from 0 to 3000 seconds.	
	(0=keep on until the next action)	
Low-level Width	Set the low-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as "Alarm On Action/Alarm	1000



General Settings @ DO		
Item	Description	Default
(unit: ms)	Off Action". In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a	
	square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The low level widths are	
	specified here. Enter from 1000 to 3000.	
High-level	Set the high-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as "Alarm On	1000
Width	Action/Alarm Off Action". In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel	
(unit: ms)	will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The high level	
	widths are specified here. Enter from 1000 to 3000.	
Alarm Source	Digital output activation can be activated by this alarm.	DI1

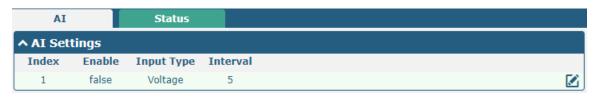
Status

This window allows you to view the status of DI/DO interface. It can also clear the counter alarm of DI in here. Click Clear button to clear DI 1 or DI 2 monthly usage statistics info for counter alarm.



4.2.8 AI

This section is used to set the parameters of analog input (AI). AI is a unique interface of R1520 router. The analog input is used to collect analog signals within a certain range, and is often used to collect continuously changing values such as voltage, current, temperature, and pressure of the sensor. The higher the accuracy of the ADC bits used for analog input, the finer the analog quantization and the more accurate the result.





Click the right-most button of DI index 1 as below. The window is displayed as below when the "input type" is "voltage".



The window is displayed as below when the "input type" is "Current".

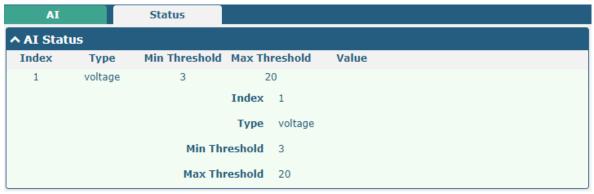


AI (Analog Input)		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the switch button to "ON" to turn on the analog input function.	OFF
	Select from "Voltage" or "Current".	
Input type	Voltage: The data collected is voltage	Voltage
	Current: The data collected is Current	
Min Threshold@Volt age	Set the minimum voltage threshold. When the voltage collected by the AI interface is less than the minimum voltage threshold, an event notification will be triggered. Unit: V.	3
Max Threshold@Volt age	Set the maximum voltage threshold. When the voltage collected by the AI interface is greater than the minimum voltage threshold, an event notification will be triggered. Unit: V.	20
Min	Set the minimum current threshold. When the current collected by the AI interface is	4



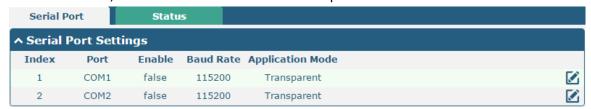
AI (Analog Input)		
Item	Description	Default
Threshold@Curr	less than the minimum voltage threshold, an event notification will be triggered. Unit:	
ent	mA.	
Min	Set the maximum current threshold. When the current collected by the AI interface is	
Threshold@Curr	greater than the minimum voltage threshold, an event notification will be triggered.	16
ent	Unit: mA.	
Interval	Collect the latest data every few seconds.	5

Click the "Status" column to view the status of the AI.



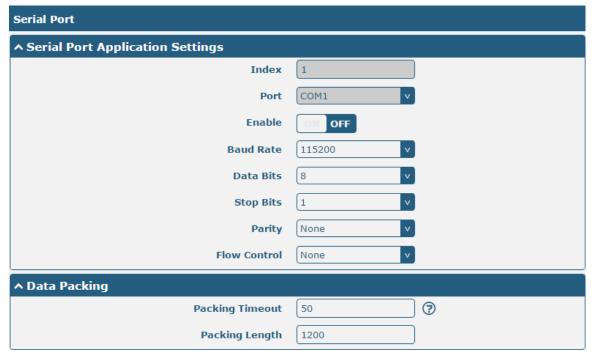
4.2.9 Serial Port

This section allows you to set the serial port parameters. The R1520 router supports two serial ports, COM1 and COM2. It can also be modified according to requirements and configured as two COM1 or two COM2. The serial data can be converted into IP data or through IP data into serial data, and then the data can be transmitted through wired or wireless network, so as to realize the function of transparent data transmission.



Click the right-most button of COM1 as below.





• In the "Server Settings" column, when "Transparent" is selected as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol, the window is as follows:

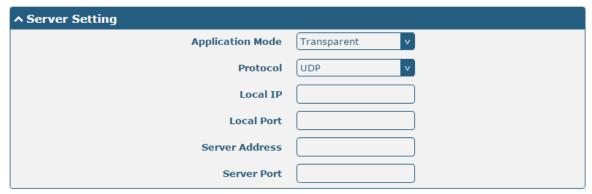


When "Transparent" is selected as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol, the window is as follows:

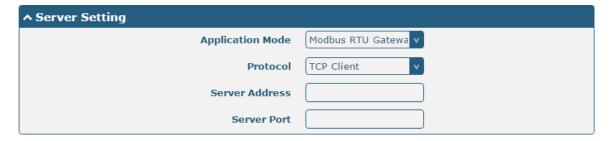


When "Transparent" is selected as the application mode and "UDP" is used as the protocol, the window is as follows:

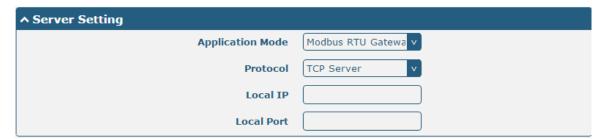




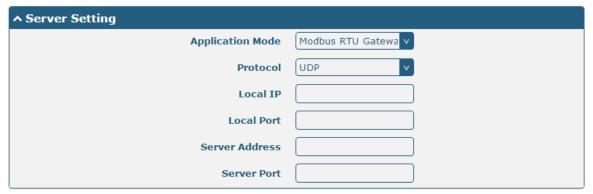
• When "ModBus RTU Gateway" is selected as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



When "ModBus RTU Gateway" is selected as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



When selecting "ModBus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



• When "ModBus ASCII Gateway" is selected as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol, the window is as follows:



↑ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Modbus ASCII Gatev v
Protocol	TCP Client v
Server Address	
Server Port	

When selecting "ModBus ASCII Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol, the window is as follows:

^ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Modbus ASCII Gatev v
Protocol	TCP Server v
Local IP	
Local Port	

When selecting "ModBus ASCII Gateway" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol, the window is as follows:

^ Server Setting	
Application Mode	Modbus ASCII Gatev v
Protocol	UDP v
Local IP	
Local Port	
Server Address	
Server Port	

	Serial Port		
Item	Description	Default	
	Serial Port Application Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Port	Show the current serial's name, read only.	COM1	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this serial port. When the status is OFF, the serial port is not available.	OFF	
Baud Rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600" or "115200".	115200	
Data Bits	Select from "7" or "8".	8	
Stop Bits	Select from "1" or "2".	1	
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" or "Even".	None	
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" or "Hardware".	None	
Data Packing			
Packing Timeout	Set the packing timeout. The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. The unit is milliseconds.	50	



Serial Port		
Item	Description	Default
	Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length even when data is not	
	reaching the interval timeout in the field.	
Packing Length	Set the packet length. The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of	1200
	data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. When a	
	packet length between 1 and 3000 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as	
	soon it reaches the specified length.	

	Server Settings			
Item	Description	Default		
Application Mode	 Select from "Transparent", "Modbus RTU Router" or "Modbus ASCII Router". Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently Modbus RTU Router: Router will translate the Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data and sent out, and vice versa Modbus ASCII Router: Router will translate the Modbus ASCII data to Modbus TCP data and sent out, and vice versa 	Transparent		
Protocol	 Select from "TCP Client", "TCP Server", or "UDP". TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP server. Server address supports both IP and domain name TCP Server: Router works as TCP server, listening for connection request from TCP client UDP: Router works as UDP client 	TCP Client		
Server Address	Enter the address of server which will receive the data sent from router's serial port. IP address or domain name will be available.	Null		
Server Port	Enter the specified port of server which is used for receiving the serial data.	Null		
Local IP @ Transparent	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null		
Local Port @ Transparent	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null		
Local IP @ Modbus	Enter the local IP of under Modbus mode.	Null		
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the local port of under Modbus mode.	Null		

Click the "Status" column to view the current serial port type.

				. ,,
Serial P	ort	Status		
^ Serial I	Port Status	s list		
Index	Туре	TX	RX	Connection Status
1	RS232	0B	0B	
2	RS485	0B	0B	



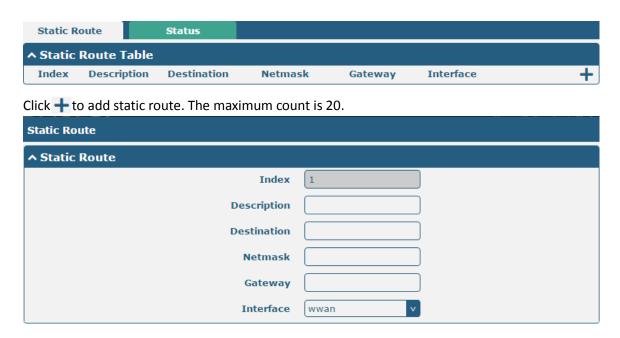
4.3 Network

4.3.1 Route

This section allows you to set the static route. Static routes are routes based on destination addresses. Up to 20 static routes can be added to the router. Routing Information Protocol, or RIP (Route Information Protocol), is widely used in small networks with stable rate changes. The OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) protocol is used for decision routing within a single autonomous system and is suitable for large networks.

Click Network> Routing> Static Route to enter the static routing table, which allows users to manually add, delete, or modify static routing rules.

Static Route



Static Route			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Description	Enter a description for this route.	Null	
Destination	Enter the IP address of destination host or destination network.	Null	
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of destination host or destination network.	Null	
Router	Define the router of the destination.	Null	
Interface	Choose the corresponding port of the link that you want to configure.	wwan	



Status

This window allows you to view the status of route.

Static Ro	ute Sta	atus				
^ Route T	able					
Index	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Metric	
1	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	10.122.74.9	wwan	0	
2	10.122.74.8	255.255.255.248	0.0.0.0	wwan	0	
3	172.16.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	lan0	0	



4.3.2 Firewall

This section allows you to set the firewall and its related parameters, including Filtering, Port Mapping, Custom Rules, DMZ and Status. Filtering rules allow users to custom accept or discard a specified access source, filtering its IP address or MAC address.

Click "> firewall > filter" to display as follows:

Filtering

The filtering rules can be used to either accept or block certain users or ports from accessing your router.



Click + to add whitelist rules. The maximum count is 50.





Click + to add filtering rules. The maximum count is 50. The window is displayed as below when defaulting "All" or choosing "ICMP" as the protocol. Here take "All" as an example.

Filtering	
^ Filtering Rules	
Index	1
Description	
Source Address	②
Source MAC	②
Target Address	②
Protocol	All
Action	Drop

The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as the protocol. Here take "TCP" as an example.

^ Filtering Rules	
Index	1
Description	
Source Address	②
Source Port	②
Source MAC	?
Target Address	②
Target Port	?
Protocol	TCP
Action	Drop

Filtering				
Item	Description	Default		
	General Settings			
Enable Filtering	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the filtering option.	ON		
Default Filtering Policy	 Select from "Accept" or "Drop". Cannot be changed when filtering rules table is not empty. Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit the drop filter list Drop: Router will drop all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit the accept filter list 	Accept		
Access Control Settings				
Enable Remote SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via SSH.	OFF		



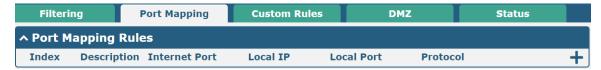
Filtering		
Item	Description	Default
Enable Local SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via SSH.	
Enable Remote Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via Telnet.	
Enable Local Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via Telnet.	
Enable Remote HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTP.	
Enable Local HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the LAN user can access the router locally via HTTP.	
Enable Remote HTTPS Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTPS.	
Enable Remote Ping Respond	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the router will reply to the Ping requests from other hosts on the	
	Internet.	
Enable DOS Defending	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the router will defend the DOS. Dos attack is an attempt to make a	
	machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	
Enable Console	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	ON
	the user can access the router via Console.	
Enable the vpn_nat traversal	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled,	OFF
· -	the router automatically modifies the IP address of the VPN header	
	received by WAN/WWAN to the IP address of the device under LAN	
	port and sends it out.	
	Whitelist Rules	
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this whitelist rule.	Null
Source Address	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which	Null
	are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
	Filtering Rules	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this filtering rule.	Null
Source Address	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which	Null
	are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
Source Port	Specify an access originator and enter its source port.	Null
Source MAC	Enter the MAC address of the defined source IP address.	Null
Target Address	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are	Null
	defined by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.	
Target Port	Enter the target port which the access originator wants to access.	Null
Protocol	Select from "All", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP" or "TCP-UDP".	All
	Note : It is recommended that you choose "All" if you don't know	
	·	
	which protocol of your application to use.	



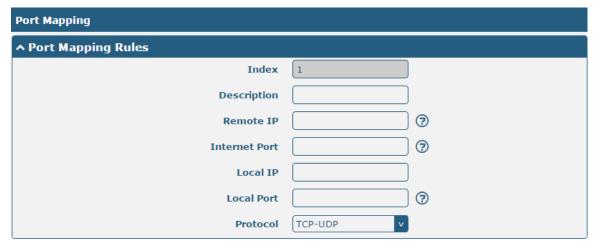
Filtering		
Item	Description	Default
Action	Select from "Accept" or "Drop".	Drop
	Accept: When Default Filtering Policy is drop, router will drop all	
	the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this accept	
	filtering list	
	Drop: When Default Filtering Policy is accept, router will accept all	
	the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this drop	
	filtering list	

Port Mapping

Port mapping is defined manually in the router, and the data received from some ports in the public network are all forwarded to a port of an IP in the internal network. Click "network > firewall > port mapping" to display as follows:



Click + to add port mapping rules. The maximum rule count is 50.



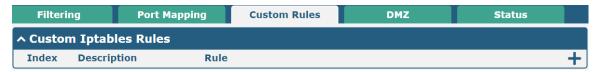
Port Mapping Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this port mapping.	Null
Remote IP	Specify the host or network which can access to the local IP address.	Null
	Empty means unlimited. e.g. 10.10.10.10/255.255.255 or	
	192.168.1.0/24	
Internet Port	Set the internet port of router which can be accessed by other hosts from	Null
	internet.	
Local IP	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null



Port Mapping Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Local Port	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as your application required.	TCP-UDP

Custom Rules

Custom rules, that is, rules that you define yourself. Click "Network> Firewall> Custom Rules" to display as follows:



Click + to add custom rules. The maximum rule count is 50.



Custom firewall Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this custom rule.	Null
Rule	Specify one custom rule.	Null

DMZ

The DMZ, also known as the Demilitarized Zone, is being transformed into a large swath of land. It is to solve the problem that the access user of the external network cannot access the internal network server after installing the firewall, and set up a buffer between the non-secure system and the secure system. A DMZ host is an Intranet host that has open access to all ports except the occupied and forwarded ports to the specified address.

Click "> firewall > DMZ" to display the following:





DMZ Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable DMZ	Click the toggle button to enable/disable DMZ. DMZ host is a host on the	OFF
	internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise	
	forwarded.	
Host IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on your internal network.	Null
Source IP Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. 0.0.0.0 means for any	Null
	addresses.	

Status

This window allows you to view the status of chain input, chain forward and chain output.



4.3.3 IP Passthrough

Click Network > IP Passthrough > IP Passthrough to enable or disable the IP Pass-through option.



If router enables the IP Pass-through, the terminal device (such as PC) will enable the DHCP Client mode and connect to LAN port of the router; and after the router dial up successfully, the PC will automatically obtain the IP address and DNS server address which assigned by ISP. To use this function, the main link needs to be set to WWAN, and the backup link needs to be set to None.



4.4 VPN

4.4.1 IPsec

This section allows you to set the IPsec and the related parameters. Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) is a protocol suite for secure Internet Protocol (IP) communications that works by authenticating and encrypting each IP packet of a communication session.

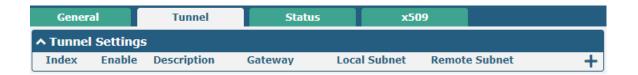
Click **VPN > IPsec > general** to set IPsec parameters.

General



General Settings @ General		
Item	Description	Default
Keepalive	Set the time to live in seconds. The router sends keep-alive packets to the	20
	NAT (Network Address Translation) server at regular intervals to prevent	
	the records on the NAT table from disappearing.	
	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, when	OFF
Optimize DH Size	using dhgroup17 or dhgroup18, it helps to shorten the time to generate	
	the dh key.	
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for IPsec VPN	OFF
	information output to the debug port.	

Tunnel



Click + to add IPsec tunnel settings. The maximum count is 6.





General Settings @ Tunnel		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this IPsec tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this IPsec tunnel.	Null
Router	Enter the address of remote side IPsec VPN server. 0.0.0.0 represents for any address.	Null
Mode	 Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport". Tunnel: Commonly used between routers, or at an end-station to a router, the router acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a router, if the router is being treated as a host-for example, an encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the actual destination 	Tunnel
Protocol	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH". • ESP: Use the ESP protocol • AH: Use the AH protocol	ESP
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 192.168.1.0/24	Null
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 10.8.0.0/24	Null
Link binding	Select the link to build Ipsec.	Unbound

The window is displayed as below when choosing "PSK" as the authentication type.



↑ IKE Settings	
IKE Type	IKEv1 v
Negotiation Mode	Main
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2 v
Authentication Type	PSK v
PSK Secret	
Local ID Type	Default
Remote ID Type	Default v
IKE Lifetime	86400

The window is displayed as below when choosing "CA" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "PKCS#12" as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth PSK" as the authentication type.



↑ IKE Settings	
IKE Type	IKEv1 v
Negotiation Mode	Main
Encryption Algorithm	3DES v
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2 v
Authentication Type	xAuth PSK v
PSK Secret	
Local ID Type	Default
Remote ID Type	Default
Username	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Password	· •
IKE Lifetime	86400

The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth CA" as the authentication type.



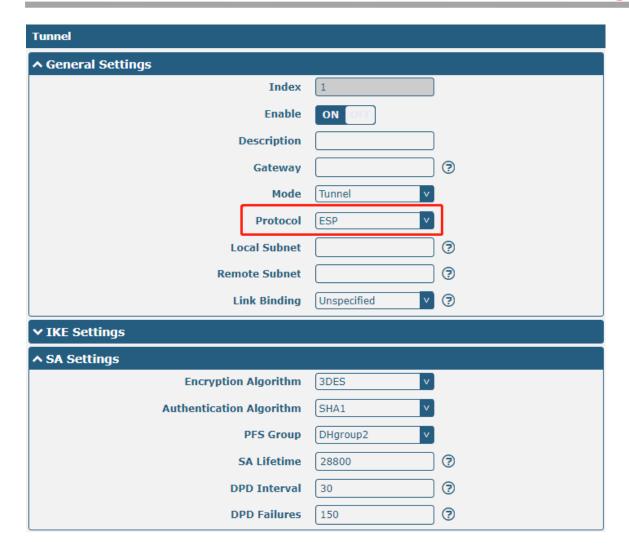
IKE Settings		
Item	Description	Default
IKE Type	Select from "IKEv1" and "IKEv2".	IKEv1
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1.	Main
	If the IP address of one end of an IPsec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE	
	negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as	
	long as the username and password are correct.	
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in IKE	MD5
Algorithm	negotiation.	
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be used in IKE	3DES
	negotiation.	



IKE Settings		
Item	Description	Default
	3DES: Use 168-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES128: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
	AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	
IKE DH Group	Select from "DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5", "DHgroup14",	DHgroup2
	"DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18" to be used in key	
	negotiation phase 1.	
Authentication Type	Select from "PSK", "CA", "xAuth PSK", "PKCS#12" and "xAuth CA" to be used in	PSK
	IKE negotiation.	
	PSK: Pre-shared Key	
	CA: Certification Authority	
	xAuth: Extended Authentication to AAA server	
	PKCS#12: Exchange digital certificate authentication	
PSK Secret	Enter the pre-shared key.	Null
Local ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default
,,	Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
	router, e.g., test.robustel.com	
	 User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this 	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security router, e.g., test@robustel.com	
Remote ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	Default
,,	Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
	router, e.g., test.robustel.com	
	 User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this 	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security router, e.g., test@robustel.com	
IKE Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new	86400
	SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old	
	one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	
Private Key Password	Enter the private key under the "CA" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null
Username	Enter the username used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication	Null
	types.	
Password	Enter the password used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication	Null
	types.	
	1,460.	

If click **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel > General Settings**, and choose **ESP** as protocol. The specific parameter configuration is shown as below.





When the protocol in "Virtual Private Network> IPsec> Tunnel> General Settings" selects "AH", the SA settings are displayed as follows:





∨ IKE Settings	
↑ SA Settings	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v
PFS Group	DHgroup2 v
SA Lifetime	28800
DPD Interval	30
DPD Failures	150
↑ Advanced Settings	
Enable Compression	ON OFF
Enable Forceencaps	OM OFF 3
Expert Options	?

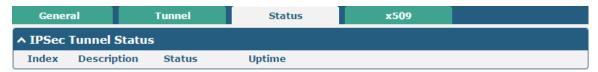
	SA Settings		
Item	Description	Default	
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" or "AES256" when you select "ESP"	3DES	
	in "Protocol". Higher security means more complex implementation and		
	lower speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when		
	high confidentiality and security are required.		
Authentication	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in SA	MD5	
Algorithm	negotiation.		
PFS Group	Select from "PFS(N/A)", "DHgroup1", "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5",	DHgroup2	
	"DHgroup14", "DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18"		
	to be used in SA negotiation.		
SA Lifetime	Set the IPsec SA lifetime. When negotiating to set up IPsec SAs, IKE uses the	28800	
	smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by		
	the peer.		
DPD Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is	30	
	received from the peer. DPD is a Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly		
	detects dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPsec packet, DPD		
	checks the time the last IPsec packet was received from the peer. If the time		
	exceeds the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end		
	receives no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission		
	interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD		
	acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of		
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the		
	IKE SA and the IPsec SAs based on the IKE SA.		
DPD Failures	Set the timeout of DPD (Dead Peer Detection) packets.	150	
Advanced Settings			
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress	OFF	
	the inner headers of IP packets.		
Enable Forceencaps		OFF	



SA Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Expert Options	Add more PPP configuration options here, format: config-desc;config-desc,	Null
	e.g. protostack=netkey;plutodebug=none	

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the IPsec tunnel.



x509

User can upload the CA certificates for the IPsec tunnel in this section.



x509		
Item	Description	Default
	X509 Settings	
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel. Select from "Tunnel 1", "Tunnel 2", "Tunnel 3",	Tunnel 1
	"Tunnel 4", "Tunnel 5",or "Tunnel 6".	
Local Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from local computer, and	
	then import this file into your router.	
Remote Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from remote computer,	
	and then import this file into your router.	
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the private key file.	
CA Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the correct CA certificate file.	
PKCS#12 Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the PKCS # 12 certificate file.	



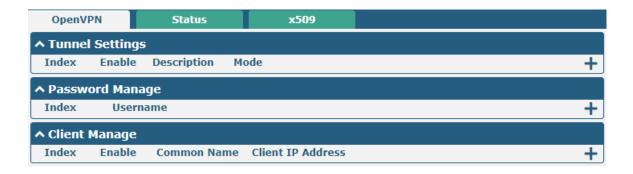
x509		
Item	Description	Default
X509 Settings		
Certificate Files		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

4.4.2 OpenVPN

This section allows you to set the OpenVPN and the related parameters. OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. Router supports point-to-point and point-to-points connections.

Click "VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN" to display as follows:

OpenVPN



Click to add OpenVPN tunnel settings. The maximum count is 5. By default, the mode is "P2P". The window is displayed as below when choosing "P2P" as the mode.



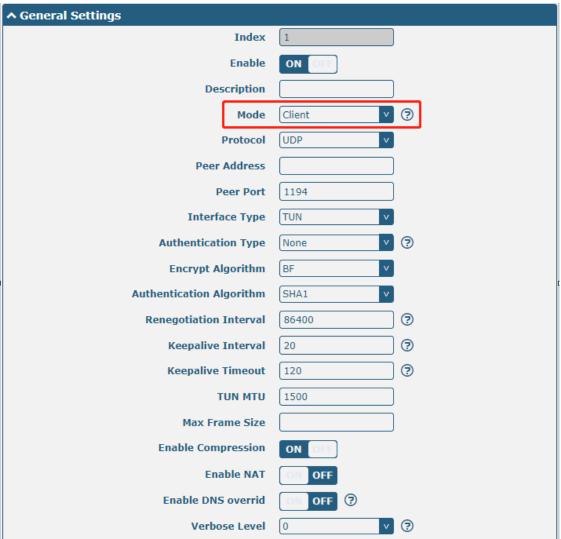
↑ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	P2P v	③
TLS Mode	None	3
Protocol	UDP	
Peer Address		
Peer Port	1194	
Listen IP Address		
Listen Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	None	?
Local IP	10.8.0.1	
Remote IP	10.8.0.2	
Encrypt Algorithm	BF	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 V	
Keepalive Interval	20	?
Keepalive Timeout	120	?
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Verbose Level	0	?



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Auto" as the mode.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Client" as the mode.



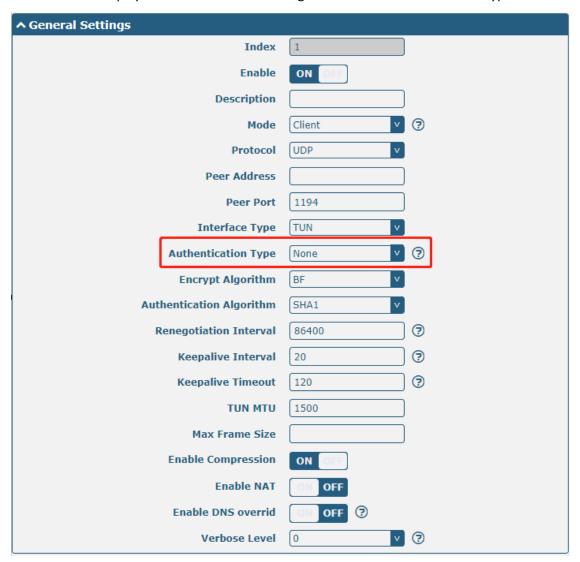


The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.

↑ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	Server v	③
Protocol	UDP	_
Listen IP Address		
Listen Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	None	?
Enable IP Pool	ON OFF	
Client Subnet	10.8.0.0	
Client Subnet Netmask	255.255.255.0	
Encrypt Algorithm	BF	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v	
Renegotiation Interval	86400	3
Max Clients	10	
Keepalive Interval	20	?
Keepalive Timeout	120	?
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable Default Gateway	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Verbose Level	0 v	3

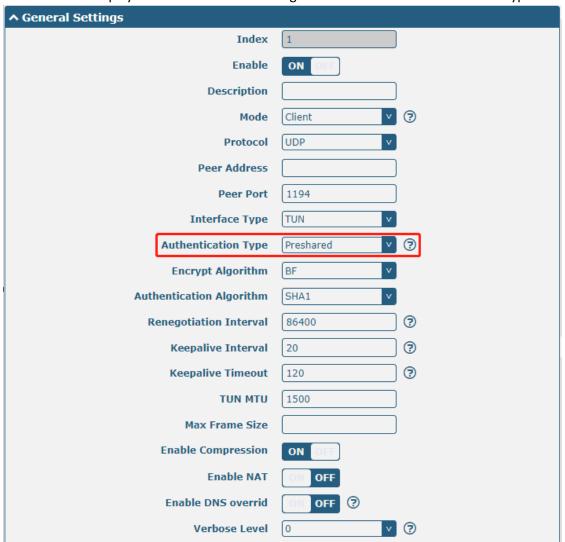


The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Preshared" as the authentication type.





The window is displayed as below when choosing "Password" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	Client	?
Protocol	UDP	
Peer Address		
Peer Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	Password	②
Username		_
Password		
Encrypt Algorithm	BF	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 V	
Renegotiation Interval	86400	?
Keepalive Interval	20	?
Keepalive Timeout	120	?
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Enable DNS overrid	ON OFF ?	
Verbose Level	0	?



The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA" as the authentication type.

↑ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	Client y 🥱	
Protocol	UDP v	
Peer Address		
Peer Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	X509CA	
Encrypt Algorithm	BF v	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v	
Renegotiation Interval	86400	
Keepalive Interval	20 🕝	
Keepalive Timeout	[120]	
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Private Key Password		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	ON OFF	
Enable DNS overrid	ON OFF 7	
Verbose Level	0	



The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA Password" as the authentication type.

^ General Settings		
Index	1	
Enable	ON OFF	
Description		
Mode	Client	3
Protocol	UDP	
Peer Address		
Peer Port	1194	
Interface Type	TUN	
Authentication Type	X509CA Password v	?
Username		_
Password		
Encrypt Algorithm	BF	
Authentication Algorithm	SHA1 v	
Renegotiation Interval	86400	7
Keepalive Interval	20	3
Keepalive Timeout	120	?
TUN MTU	1500	
Max Frame Size		
Private Key Password		
Enable Compression	ON OFF	
Enable NAT	OM OFF	
Enable DNS overrid	ON OFF ?	
Verbose Level	0	7

^ Advanced Settings	
Enable HMAC Firewall	OM OFF
Enable PKCS#12	OM OFF
Enable nsCertType	OM OFF
Expert Options	?

General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel.	ON



	General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default	
Description	Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.	Null	
Mode	Select from "Auto", "P2P", "Client" or "Server".	Client	
Protocol	Select from "UDP", "TCP-Client" or "TCP-Server".	UDP	
Server Address	Enter the end-to-end IP address or the domain of the remote OpenVPN server.	Null	
Server Port	Enter the end-to-end listener port or the listener port of the OpenVPN server.	1194	
Listen IP Address	Enter the IP address or domain name.	Null	
Listen Port	Enter the listener port at this end.	1194	
Interface Type	Select from "TUN", "TAP" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.	TUN	
Username	Enter the username used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null	
Password	Enter the password used for "Password" or "X509CA Password" authentication type.	Null	
Authentication Type	Select from "None", "Preshared", "Password", "X509CA" and "X509CA Password". Note: "None" and "Preshared" authentication type are only working with P2P mode.	None	
Enable IP Pool	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. When enabled, the client will obtain a virtual IP from the address pool.	OFF	
Local IP	Enter the local virtual IP.	10.8.0.1	
Remote IP	Enter the remote virtual IP.	10.8.0.2	
Client Subnet	Client virtual IP network address.	10.8.0.0	
Client Subnet Netmask	Client virtual IP network address mask.	255.255.255.0	
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "BF", "DES", "DES-EDE3", "AES-128", "AES-192" and "AES-256". BF: Use 128-bit BF encryption algorithm in CBC mode DES: Use 64-bit DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode DES-EDE3: Use 192-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	BF	
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA256"or "SHA512".	SHAI	
Max Clients	Set the retention timeout. If the connection continues to timeout during this time, the OpenVPN tunnel will be re-established.	10	
Renegotiation Interval	Set the renegotiation interval. If connection failed, OpenVPN will renegotiate when the renegotiation interval reached.	86400	
Keepalive Interval	Set keepalive (ping) interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20	



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Keepalive Timeout	Set the keepalive timeout. Trigger OpenVPN restart after n seconds pass	120
	without reception of a ping or other packet from remote.	
TUN MTU	Set the MTU for the tunnel.	1500
Max Frame Size	Sets the shard size of the data to be transmitted through the tunnel.	Null
Private Key Password	Enter the private key password under "X509CA" and "X509CA password" authentication.	Null
Enable Compression	Click the switch button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, this feature compresses the header of the IP packet.	ON
Enable DNS overrid	Click the switch button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, DNS pushed by the server is received as the local DNS server.	OFF
Enable Bridge With L ANO	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. When enabled, the virtual interface can be bridged with Lan0.	ON
Enable Default Gatew	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. When enabled, it will receive the gateway pushed by the server as the local gateway.	OFF
Enable Client Status	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. After the server is enabled, it can display the connected client status information.	OFF
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT option. When enabled, the source IP address of host behind router will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.	OFF
Verbose Level	 Select the level of the output log and values from 0 to 11. 0: No output except fatal errors 1~4: Normal usage range 5: Output R and W characters to the console for each packet read and write 6~11: Debug info range 	0
	Advanced Settings @ OpenVPN	
Item	Description	Default
Enable HMAC Firewall	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Add an additional layer of HMAC authentication on top of the TLS control channel to protect against DoS attacks.	OFF
Enable PKCS#12	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the PKCS#12 certificate. It is an exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe personal identity information.	OFF
Enable nsCertType	Click the toggle button to enable/disable nsCertType. Require that peer certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of "server".	OFF
Expert Options	Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can be separated by a ';'.	Null



Click user password management + to add a user name and password. The maximum count is 20 as shown below.



General Settings @ Password Manage		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Username	In server mode, configure the client's user name.	Null
Password	In server mode, configure the password for the client's username.	Null

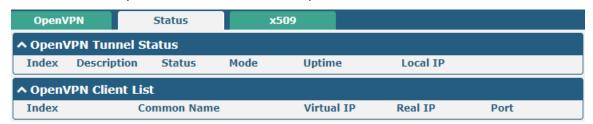
Click client administration + to add client information, The maximum count is 20 as shown below.



General Settings @ Client Manage		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the switch button to enable/disable this option.	ON
Common Name	Specify a common name for the client.	Null
Client IP Address	Specify the client's virtual IP address.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the OpenVPN tunnel.



This section is used to locate the certificates such as CA.





x509		
Item	Description	Default
	X509 Settings	
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel. Select from "Tunnel 1", "Tunnel 2", "Tunnel 3",	Tunnel 1
	"Tunnel 4", "Tunnel 5" or"Tunnel 6".	
Mode	The tunnel mode set by the selected tunnel.	Client
Root CA	Click on "Choose File" to locate the root ca file ,and then import this file into	
	your router.	
Certificate File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file, and then import this file	
	into your router.	
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the private key file, and then import this file	
	into your router.	
TLS-Auth Key	Click on "Choose File" to locate the TLS-Auth key file, and then import this	
	file into your router.	
PKCS#12 Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the PCKS#12 certificate file ,and then import	
	this file into your router.	
	Certificate Files	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null



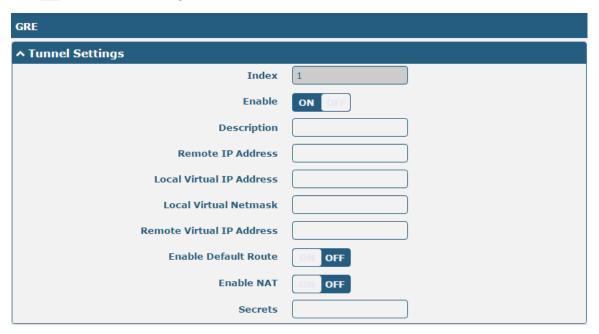
4.4.3 GRE

This section allows you to set the GRE and the related parameters. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a tunneling protocol that can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an Internet Protocol network. There are two main uses of GRE protocol: internal protocol encapsulation and private address encapsulation.

GRE



Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 5.



Tunnel Settings @ GRE		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this GRE tunnel. GRE (Generic	ON
	Routing Encapsulation) is a protocol that encapsulates data packets so	
	that it can route packets of other protocols in an IP network.	
Description	Enter a description for this GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote IP Address	Set the remote real IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual Netmask	Set the local virtual Netmask of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Virtual IP Address	Set the remote virtual IP Address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Enable Default Route	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, all	OFF



	the traffics of the router will go through the GRE VPN.	
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. This option must be	OFF
	enabled when router under NAT environment.	
Secrets	Set the key of the GRE tunnel.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the GRE tunnel status.



4.5 Services

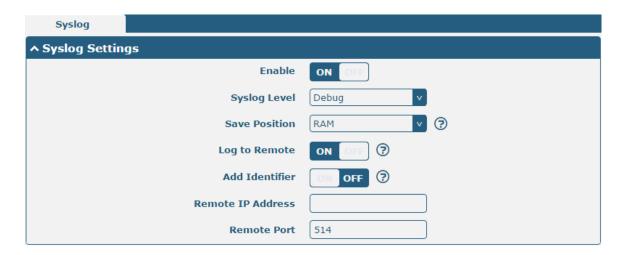
4.5.1 Syslog

This section allows you to set the syslog parameters. The system log of the router can be saved in the local, also supports to be sent to remote log server and specified application debugging. By default, the "Log to Remote" option is disabled.



The window is displayed as below when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.

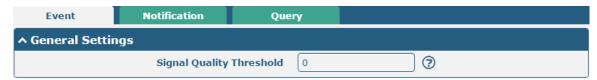




Syslog Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Syslog settings option.	OFF
Syslog Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warning" or "Error", which from low to	Debug
	high. The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	
Save Position	Select the save position from "RAM", "NVM" or "Console". Choose "RAM", the	RAM
	data will be cleared after reboot.	
	Note: It's not recommended that saving syslog to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory)	
	for a long time.	
Log to Remote	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to allow router	OFF
	sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of	
	the syslog server.	
Add Identifier	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can add	OFF
	serial number to syslog message which used for loading Syslog to RobustLink.	
Remote IP Address	Enter the IP address of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	Null
Remote Port	Enter the port of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	514

4.5.2 Event

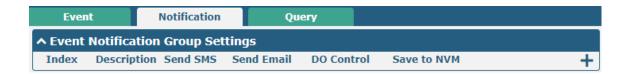
This section allows you to set the event parameters. Event feature provides an ability to send alerts by SNMP and RCMS when certain system events occur.



General Settings @ Event		
Item	Description	Default
Signal Quality Threshold	Set the threshold for signal quality. Router will generate a log event when	0



the actual threshold is less than the specified threshold. 0 means disable this option.



Click + button to add an Event parameters.



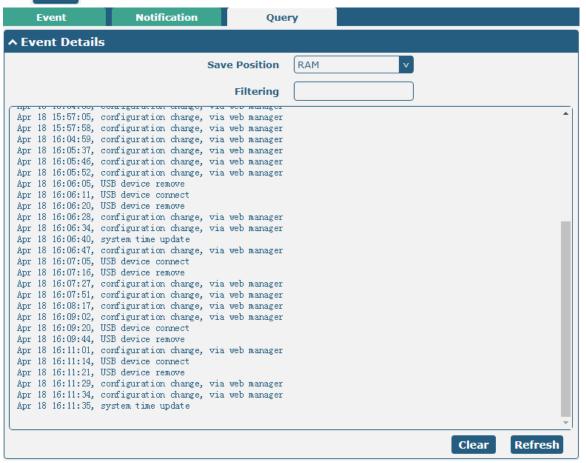


↑ Event Selection	0
System Startup	OFF OFF
System Reboot	OFF OFF
System Time Update	OFF
Configuration Change	OFF OFF
Cellular Network Type Change	OFF OFF
Cellular Data Stats Clear	OFF
Cellular Data Traffic Overflow	OFF
Poor Signal Quality	OFF
Wan data traffic stats clear	OFF
Wan data traffic overflow	OFF
Link Switching	OFF
WAN Up	OFF
WAN Down	OFF
WLAN Up	OFF
WLAN Down	OFF
WWAN Up	OFF
WWAN Down	OFF
IPSec Connection Up	OFF OFF
IPSec Connection Down	OFF OFF
OpenVPN Connection Up	OFF
OpenVPN Connection Down	OFF
LAN Port Link Up	OFF
LAN Port Link Down	OFF
USB Device Connect	OFF
USB Device Remove	OFF
DDNS Update Success	OFF
DDNS Update Fail	OFF
Received SMS	OFF
SMS Command Execute	OFF
DI 1 ON	OFF
DI 1 OFF	OFF
DI 1 Counter Overflow	OFF
AI voltage low	OFF
AI voltage high	OFF OFF
AI current low	OFF
AI current high	OFF



General Settings @ Notification		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Description	Enter a description for this group.	Null
Sent SMS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF
	send notification to the specified phone numbers via SMS if event occurs. Set the	
	related phone number in "4.5.4 Services > SMS", and use ';'to separate each	
	number.	
Phone Number	Enter the phone numbers used for receiving event notification. Use a semicolon (;)	Null
	to separate each number.	
Send Email	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will	OFF
	send notification to the specified email box via Email if event occurs. Set the related	
	email address in "4.5.4 Services > Email".	
Email Addresses	Enter the email addresses used for receiving event notification. Use a space to	Null
	separate each address.	
DO Control	Click the toggle button to enable / disable this option. After opening, DO output is	OFF
	triggered.	
Save to NVM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to save event to	OFF
	nonvolatile memory.	

In the following window you can query various types of events record. Click **Refresh** to query filtered events while click **Clear** to clear the event records in the window.





Event Details		
Item	Description	Default
Save Position	Select the events' save position from "RAM" or "NVM".	RAM
	RAM: Random-access memory	
	NVM: Non-Volatile Memory	
Filter Message	Event will be filtered according to the Filter Message that the user set. Click the	Null
	Refresh button, the filtered event will be displayed in the follow box. Use "&" to	
	separate more than one filter message, such as message1&message2.	

4.5.3 NTP

This section allows you to set the related NTP (Network Time Protocol) parameters, including Time zone, NTP Client and NTP Server.

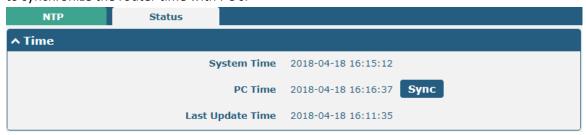


NTP				
Item	Description			
	Timezone Settings			
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in. EG, China: UTC + 08:00.	UTC +08:00		
Expert Setting	Specify the time zone with Daylight Saving Time in TZ environment	Null		
	variable format. The Time Zone option will be ignored in this case. Eg,			
	"~".			
	NTP Client Settings			
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to	ON		
	synchronize time with the NTP server.			
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.ntp.org		
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null		
NTP Update interval	Enter the interval (minutes) which NTP client synchronize the time from	0		
	NTP server. Minutes wait for next update, and 0 means update only			



	once.	
	NTP Server Settings	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable the NTP server option. Once enabled, the	OFF
	NTP client can synchronize with the router in time.	

This window allows you to view the current time of router and also synchronize the router time. Click **Sync** button to synchronize the router time with PC's.



4.5.4 SMS

This section allows you to set SMS parameters. Router supports SMS management, and user can control and configure their routers by sending SMS. For more details about SMS control, refer to **5.2.2 SMS Remote Control**.

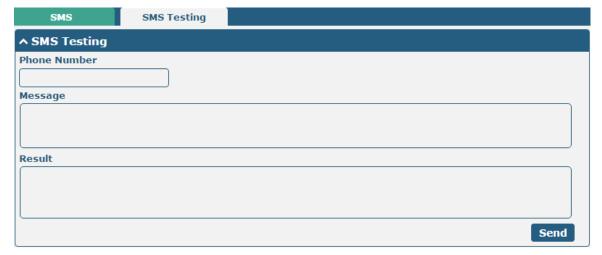


SMS Management Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SMS Management option.	ON
	Note: If this option is disabled, the SMS configuration is invalid.	
Authentication Type	Select Authentication Type from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".	Password
	Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for	
	authentication. For example, the format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Note: Set the WEB manager password in System > User Management section.	
	Phonenumber: Use the Phone number for authenticating, and user should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format	
	of the SMS should be "cmd1; cmd2;"	
	Both: Use both the "Password" and "Phonenum" for authentication. User	
	should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The	
	format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2;"	
Phone Number	Set the phone number used for SMS management, and use '; 'to separate each	Null
	number.	



Note: It can be null when choose "Password" as the authentication type.

User can test the current SMS service whether it is available in this section.



SMS Testing		
Item	Description	Default
Phone Number	Enter the specified phone number which can receive the SMS from router.	Null
Message	Enter the message that router will send it to the specified phone number.	Null
Result	The result of the SMS test will be displayed in the result box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send the test message.	

4.5.5 Email

Email function supports to send the event notifications to the specified recipient by ways of email.



Email			
↑ Email Setting	ıs		
	Enable	ON OFF	
	Enable TLS/SSL	ON OFF ?	
	Enable STARTTLS	ON OFF	
	Outgoing Server		
	Server Port	25	
	Timeout	10	?
	Auth Login	ON OFF ?	
	Username		
	Password		
	From		
	Subject		

Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Email option.	OFF
Enable TLS/SSL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the TLS/SSL option.	OFF
Enable STARTTLS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the STARTTLS encrypted transmission method.	OFF
Outgoing server	Enter the SMTP server IP Address or domain name.	Null
Server port	Enter the SMTP server port.	25
Timeout	Set the max time for sending email to SMTP server. When the server doesn't receive the email over this time, it will try to resend.	10
Auth Login	Use username and password authentication	OFF
Username	Enter the username which has been registered from SMTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password of the username above.	Null
From	Enter the source address of the email.	Null
Subject	Enter the subject of this email.	Null

4.5.6 DDNS

This section allows you to set the DDNS parameters. DDNS, the full name of dynamic domain name server, is the dynamic domain name service. DDNS service allows you to map a dynamic IP address to a fixed domain name resolution service. Each time a user connects to the network, the client program will transmit the dynamic IP address



of the host to the server program located on the server host. The server program is responsible for providing DNS service and realizing dynamic domain name resolution, that is, DDNS service allows you to provide dynamic w for the host An IP assigns a fixed domain name, and other users can access your host directly through this fixed domain name, rather than through the dynamic Wan IP address. The router's dynamic Wan IP address is assigned directly by the ISP.

Click **Service > DDNS** to set the parameters related to DDNS. and its service provider defaults to DynDNS.

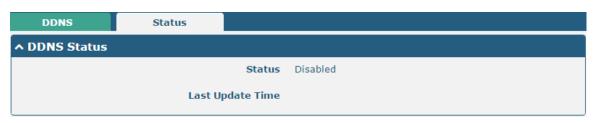


When service provider chose "Custom", the window is displayed as below.



	DDNS Settings		
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DDNS option.	OFF	
Service	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS", "NO-IP", "3322" or		
Provider	"Custom".	DupDNC	
	Note: the DDNS service only can be used after registered by	DynDNS	
	Corresponding service provider.		
Hostname	Enter the hostname provided by the DDNS server.	Null	
Username	Enter the username provided by the DDNS server.	Null	
Password	Enter the password provided by the DDNS server.	Null	
URL	Enter the URL customized by user.	Null	

Click "Status" bar to view the status of the DDNS.



DDNS Status



Item	Description
Status	Display the current status of the DDNS.
Last Update Time	Display the date and time for the DDNS was last updated successfully.

4.5.7 SSH

Router supports SSH password access and secret-key access.



SSH Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can	OFF
	access the router via SSH.	
Port	Set the port of the SSH access.	22
Disable Password Logins	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you	OFF
	cannot use username and password to access the router via SSH. In this	
	case, only the key can be used for login.	



Import Authorized Keys		
Item Description		
Authorized Keys	Click on "Choose File" to locate an authorized key from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this key into your router.	
	Note: This option is valid when enabling the password logins option.	

4.5.8 GPS (Optional)

This section allows you to configure the GPS parameters. The GPS function of the router can locate and obtain the location information of the device and report it to the designated server. R1520 does not have an independent GPS module. The positioning data comes from the cellular module. Whether the GPS function is supported depends on the cellular module.

RT_UG_R1520_v.1.0.1 Oct. 15, 2020 117/159



G	PS	Status	M	ар			
^ Gen	eral Setti	ngs					
			Enable GPS	ON OF	F		
			Sync GPS Time	ON OF	F		
^ RS2	32 Report	Settings					
			Report to RS232	ON OF	F		
		Repo	rt GGA Sentence	ON OF	F		
		Repo	ort VTG Sentence	ON OF	3		
		Repo	rt RMC Sentence	ON OF	F		
		Repo	ort GSV Sentence	ON OF	3		
^ GPS	Servers						
Index	Enable	Protocol	Local Address	Local Port	Server Address	Server Port	+
^ Adva	anced Set	tings					
			Add SN as GPSID	ON OF	?		
		Self-def	ine GPSID Prefix		?		

GPS				
Item	Description	Default		
	General Settings			
Enable	Click the toggle button to ON to enable GPS.	OFF		
Synchronized GPS Time	Click the toggle button to ON to synchronize GPS time.	OFF		
	RS232 Report Data Settings			
Reporting data through RS232	Reporting GPS Information by RS232.	OFF		
Reporting GGA Information	Reporting GGA Information.	OFF		
Reporting VTG Information	Reporting VTG Information.	OFF		
Reporting RMC Information	Reporting RMC Information.	OFF		
Reporting GSV Information	Reporting GSV Information.	OFF		



Click the Add button in the GPS server window, and its protocol is "TCP client" by default as shown below:



When "TCP server" is selected as the protocol, the window is displayed as follows:



When "UDP" is selected as the protocol, the window is displayed as follows:





GPS Data Forwarding Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.		
Enable	Click the toggle button to "ON" to enable the GPS data forwarding settings.	ON	
Protocol	 Select "TCP client", "TCP server" or "UDP" as the protocol. TCP Client: When the router acts as a TCP client, it starts up with the TCP server (GPS server). The address of the server supports both IP and domain name. TCP server: The router acts as a TCP server (GPS server) and listens for connection requests from TCP clients. UDP: Router as a UDP client. 	TCP Client	
Server address @TCP client	Set the address of the TCP server.	Null	
Server port @TCP client	Set the port of the remote TCP server	Null	
Local address	Set the local address of the router as a TCP server.	Null	
Local port	Set the local port of the router as a TCP server.	Null	
Server address @UDP	Set the address of the TCP server	Null	
Server port @UDP	Set the port of the remote TCP server.	Null	
Send GGA information	Send GGA information in NMEA format	OFF	
Send VTG information	Send VTG information in NMEA format	OFF	
Send RMC information	Send RMC information in NMEA format	OFF	

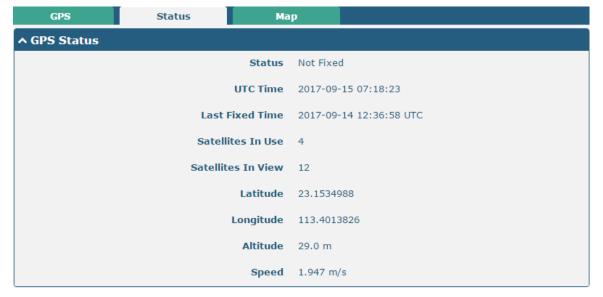


GPS Data Forwarding Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Send GSV information	Send GSV information in NMEA format	OFF	

↑ Advanced Settings				
Add SN as GPSID	OFF ?			
Self-define GPSID Prefix	7			

Advanced Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Add SN as GPSID	Click the switch button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, SN is appended to the NMEA message as a GPSID before transmission.	OFF	
Self-define GPSID Prefix	Customize the GPSID prefix with four uppercase letters	Null	

Click the "Status" column to view the current GPS status of the gateway;

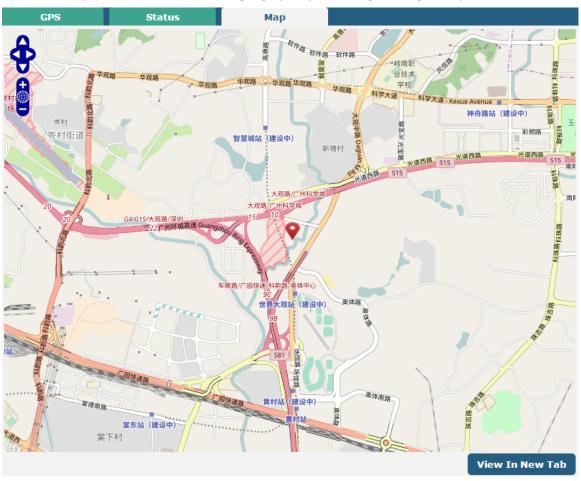


GPS Status		
Item	Description	
Status	Shows the current GPS status of the router.	
ИТС	Shows the UTC of satellite.	
	Note: UTC is the world's unified time, not local time.	
Final positioning	The time of the last successful positioning	
time	The time of the last successful positioning.	



GPS Status		
Item	Description	
Number of satellites used	Number of satellites used	
Number of visible satellites	Number of visible satellites	
Latitude	Shows the Latitude information of the router.	
Longitude	Shows the longitude information of the router.	
Height	Shows the height information of the router.	
Speed	Shows the speed information of the router.	

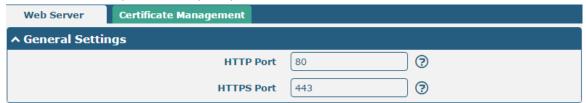
Click the "Map" bar to view the current geographic positioning of the gateway.





4.5.9 Web Server

This section allows you to modify the parameters of Web Server.



General Settings @ Web Server		
Item	Description	Default
HTTP Port	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	80
	Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive	
	from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port number	
	except 80, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web	
	Server.	
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a	443
	Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to	
	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port	
	number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login router's	
	Web Server.	
	Note: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be	
	exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in	
	order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by	
	Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	

This section allows you to import the certificate file into the router.

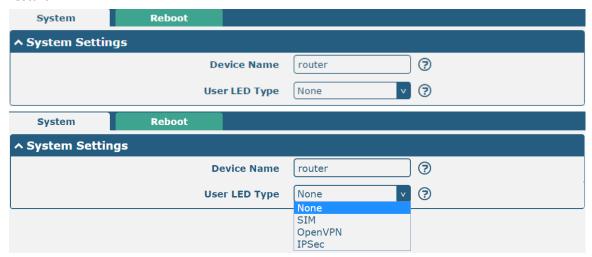


Import Certificate		
Item	Description	Default
Import Type	Select from "CA" and "Private Key".	CA
	CA: a digital certificate issued by CA center	
	Private Key: a private key file	
HTTPS Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then	
	click "Import" to import this file into your router.	



4.5.10 Advanced

This section allows you to set the Advanced and parameters. Advanced router settings include system settings and restart.



System Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Device Name	Set the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed; valid	router
	characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	
User LED Type	Specify the display type of your USR LED. Select from "None", "OpenVPN" or	None
	"IPsec".	
	None: Meaningless indication, and the LED is off	
	SIM:show the sim status.	
	OpenVPN: USR indicator showing the OpenVPN status	
	IPsec: USR indicator showing the IPsec status	
	Note : For more details about USR indicator, see "2.2 LED Indicators".	



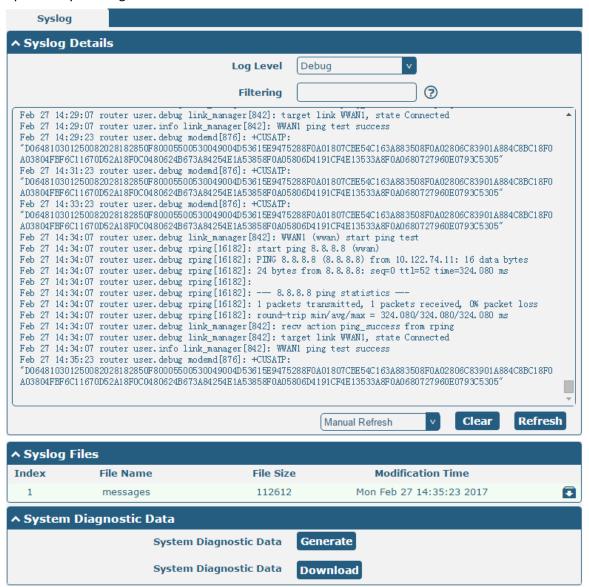
Reboot		
Item	Description	Default
Periodic Reboot	Set the reboot period of the router. 0 means disable.	0
Daily Reboot Time	Set the daily reboot time of the router, you should follow the format as HH:	Null
	MM, in 24h time frame, otherwise the data will be invalid. Leave it empty means	
	disable.	



4.6 System

4.6.1 **Debug**

This section allows you to check and download the syslog details. Click Service > System Log > System Log Settings to open the system log.



Syslog			
Item	Description		
	Syslog Details		
Log Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warn", "Error" which from low to high. The lower		
	level will output more syslog in detail.		
Filtering	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords. Use "&" to separate more than one filter		
	message, such as "keyword1&keyword2".		
Refresh	Select from "Manual Refresh", "5 Seconds", "10 Seconds", "20 Seconds" or "30 Seconds". You		
	can select these intervals to refresh the log information displayed in the follow box. If		



	selecting "manual refresh", you should click the refresh button to refresh the syslog.	
Clear	Click the button to clear the syslog.	
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the syslog.	
	Syslog Files	
Syslog Files List	Only when logging is turned on in Services > system log > system log settings can log files be	
	displayed in this list. The log generates a file with the size of 200K, which can display up to six	
	system log files. Five files named messages0 ~ messages4 are old logs, and the latest system	
	log file messages will be set at the top.	
System Diagnosing Data		
Generate	Click to generate the syslog diagnosing file.	
Download	Click to download system diagnosing file.	

4.6.2 Update

This section allows you to upgrade the firmware of your router. Click **System > Update > System Update**, and click on "Choose File" to locate the firmware file to be used for the upgrade. Once the latest firmware has been chosen, click

to start the upgrade process. The upgrade process may take several minutes. Do not turn off your Router during the firmware upgrade process.

Note: To access the latest firmware file, please contact your technical support engineer.



4.6.3 App Center

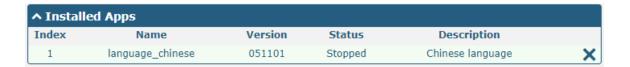
This section allows you to add some required or customized applications to the router. Import and install your applications to the App Center, and reboot the device according to the system prompts. Each installed application will be displayed under the "Services" menu, while other applications related to VPN will be displayed under the "VPN" menu.

Note: After importing the applications to the router, the page display may have a slight delay due to the browser cache. It is recommended that you clear the browser cache first and log in the router again.



Successfully installed apps will be displayed in the following list, click ×to uninstall the app.



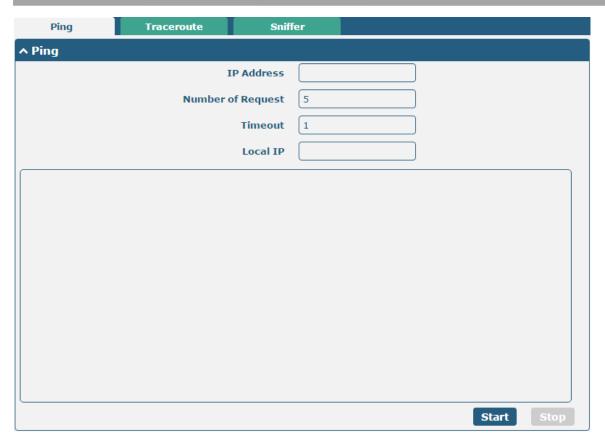


App Center		
Item	Description	Default
	App Install	
Install to SD	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ability to install the app to the SD	OFF
card	card.	
File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the App file from your computer, and then click	
	Install to import this file into your router.	
	Note: File format should be xxx.rpk.	
	Installed Apps	
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Name	Show the name of the App.	Null
Version	Show the version of the App.	Null
Status	Show the status of the App.	Null
Location	Show the installation path.	Null
Description	Show the description for this App.	Null

4.6.4 Tools

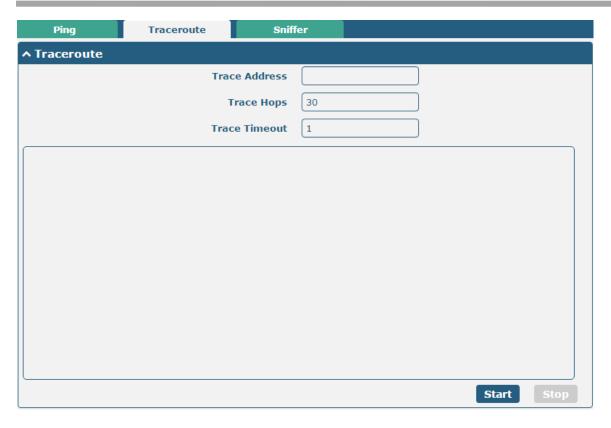
This section provides users three tools: Ping, Traceroute and Sniffer. The Ping tool is used to detect the network connectivity of the router.





Ping		
Item	Description	Default
IP address	Enter the ping's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Number of Requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5
Timeout	Specify the timeout of ping request.	1
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	Null
	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	
Start	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the	Null
	follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop ping request.	





Traceroute		
Item	Description	Default
Trace Address	Enter the trace's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met	30
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	
Trace Timeout	Specify the timeout of Traceroute request.	1
Start	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in	
	the follow box.	
Stop	Click this button to stop Traceroute request.	

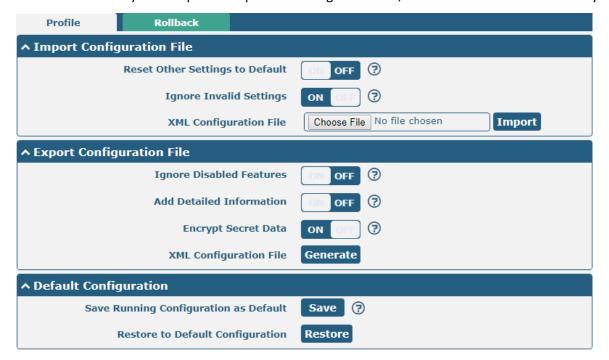




Sniffer		
Item	Description	Default
Interface	Choose the interface according to your Ethernet configuration.	All
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null
Packets Request	Set the packet number that the router can sniffer at a time.	1000
Protocol	Select from "All", "IP", "TCP", "UDP" and "ARP".	All
Port	Set the port number for TCP or UDP that is used in sniffer.	Null
Status	Show the current status of sniffer.	Null
Chart	Click this button to start the sniffer. The grab file will be displayed in the window.	
Start	Click to download the grab file and click to delete the grab file.	
Cton	Click this button to stop the sniffer. Once you click this button, a new log file	
Stop	will be displayed in the following List.	
Capture Files	Every times of sniffer log will be saved automatically as a new file. You can find	Null
	the file from this Sniffer Traffic Data List and click 🖸 to download the log, click	
	Xto delete the log file. It can cache a maximum of 5 files.	

4.6.5 Profile

This section allows you to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.



Profile			
Item Description Default			
Import Configuration File			
Reset Other Settings to	Click the toggle button as "ON" to return other parameters to default	OFF	
Default	settings.		



Ignore Invalid Settings	Click the toggle button as "ON" to ignore invalid settings.	ON
XML Configuration File	Click on Choose File to locate the XML configuration file from your	
	computer, and then click Import to import this file into your router.	
	Export Configuration File	
Ignore Disabled Features	Click the toggle button as "ON" to ignore the disabled features.	OFF
Add Detailed Information	Click the toggle button as "ON" to add detailed information.	OFF
Encrypt Secret Data	Click the toggle button as "ON" to encrypt the secret data.	ON
XML Configuration File	Click Generate button to generate the XML configuration file, and click	
	Export to export the XML configuration file.	
	Default Configuration	
Save Running	Click Save button to save the current running parameters as default	
Configuration as Default	configuration.	
Restore to Default	Pestore I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Configuration	Click Restore button to restore the factory defaults.	



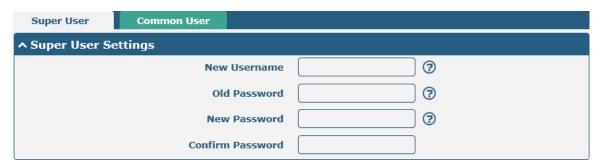
Rollback		
Item	Description	Default
Configuration Rollback		
Save as a Rollbackable	Create a save point manually. Additionally, the system will create a save	
Archive	point every day automatically if configuration changes.	
Configuration Archive Files		
Configuration Archive	View the related information about configuration archive files, including	
Files	name, size and modification time.	



4.6.6 User Management

This section allows you to change your username and password, and create or manage user accounts. One router has only one super user who has the highest authority to modify, add and manage other common users.

Note: Your new password must be more than 5 character and less than 32 characters and may contain numbers, upper and lowercase letters, and standard symbols.



Super User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
New Username	Enter a new username you want to create, If you do not want to change	Null
	username, leave it blank. 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #,	
	\$, ., *, !, -	
Old Password	Enter the old password of your router. The default is "admin",5-32 characters,	Null
	valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-	Null
	z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null



Click to button to add a new common user. The maximum rule count is 5.





Common User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	
Role	Select from "Visitor" and "Editor".	Visitor
	Visitor: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level	
	Editor: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level	
Username	Set the Username, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	Null
Password	Set the password, 5-32 characters, valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, \$, ., *, !, -	Null



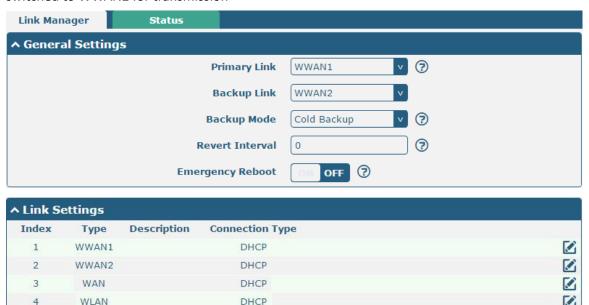
Chapter 5 Configuration Examples

5.1 Cellular

5.1.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows you how to configure the primary and backup SIM card for Cellular Dial-up. Connect the router correctly and insert two SIM, then open the configuration page. Under the homepage menu, click **Interface > Link Manager > Link Manager > General Settings**, choose "WWAN1" as the primary link, "WWAN2" as the backup link and "Cold Backup "as the backup mode then click "Submit".

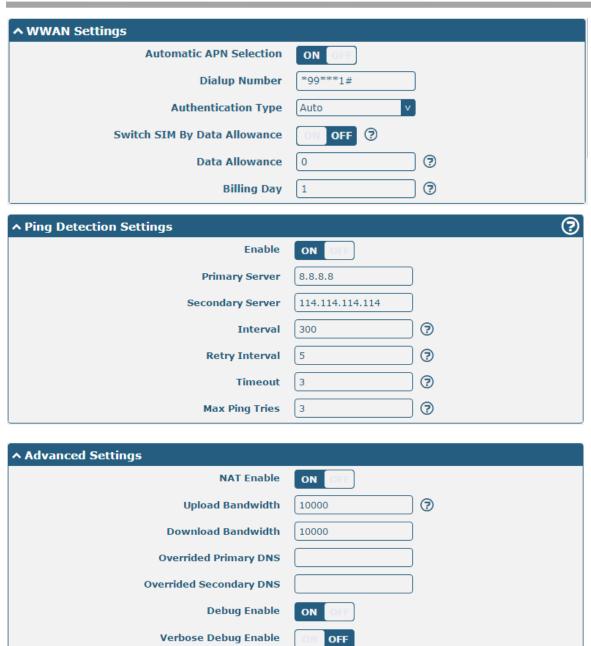
Note: In the cold backup mode, when WWAN1 is the primary link, all data will be selected as WWAN1 for transmission, and WWAN2 will always be offline as the backup link; when WWAN1 is disconnected, the data will be switched to WWAN2 for transmission



Click the right most of edit button of WWAN1 to set its parameters according to the current ISP.

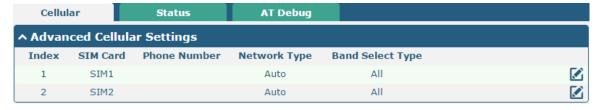






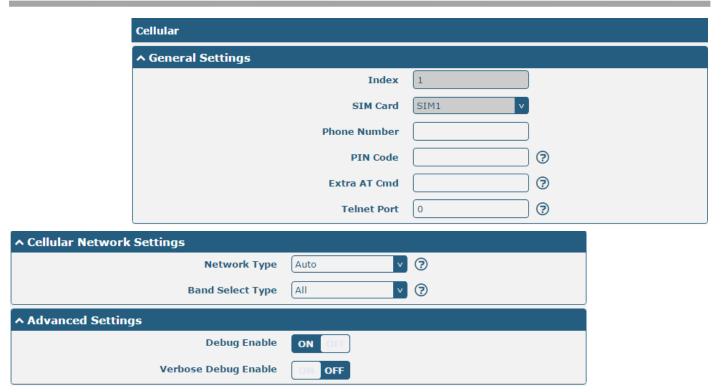
When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The window is displayed below by clicking Interface > Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings.



Click the right most of edit button of SIM1 to set its parameters according to your application request.





When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

5.1.2 SMS Remote Control

The router supports remote control via SMS. You can use following commands to get the status of the router, and set all the parameters.

There are three authentication types for SMS control. You can select from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".

An SMS command has the following structure:

- 1. Password mode—Username:Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...cmdn (available for every phone number).
- 2. Phonenum mode-- **Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;... cmdn** (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R1520's phone group).
- 3. Both mode-- **Username:Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...cmdn** (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number).

Note: All command symbols must be entered in the English input half angle mode.

SMS command Explanation:

- 1. Password: The SMS control password defaults to the login password of the super user or the login password of the ordinary user who has read and write permissions.
- cmd1,cmd2,cmd3 to cmdn, the command format is the same as the CLI command, more details about CLI cmd please refer to Chapter 6 Introductions for CLI.

Note: Download the configure XML file from the configured web browser. The format of SMS control command can refer to the data of the XML file.

Go to **System > Profile > Export Configuration File**, Select export type as "complete", click **Generate** to generate the XML file and click **Export** to export the XML file.



Profile	Rollback	
↑ Import Configuration File		
	Reset Other Settings to Defa	oult ON OFF ⑦
	Ignore Invalid Setti	ngs ON OFF ?
	XML Configuration	Choose File No file chosen Import
↑ Export Configuration File		
	Ignore Disabled Featu	res ON OFF 7
	Add Detailed Informat	ion OFF 7
	Encrypt Secret D	ata ON OFF ?
	XML Configuration	File Generate
↑ Default Configuration		
Save R	unning Configuration as Def	oult Save ?
ı	Restore to Default Configurat	ion Restore

XML command:

<lan> <network max_entry_num="2"> <id>1</id> <interface>lan0</interface> <ip>172.16.24.24</ip> <netmask>255.255.0.0</netmask> <mtu>1500</mtu>

SMS cmd:

set lan network 1 interface lan0 set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24 set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0

set lan network 1 mtu 1500

- 3. The semicolon character (';') is used to separate more than one command packed in a single SMS.
- 4.

Password mode—admin:admin;status system

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", The control command is status system, and the function of the command is to get the system status.

SMS received:

hardware_version = 1.1 firmware_version = 3.1.0 firmware_version_full = "3.1.0 (Rev 3199)" kernel_version = 4.9.152 device model = R1520 serial_number = "" uptime = "0 days, 00:02:55"



system_time = "Thu May 14 05:51:56 2020 (NTP not updated)" ram_usage = "75M Free/128M Total"

admin:admin;reboot

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to reBoot the R1520 Router. **SMS received:**

OK

admin:admin;set firewall remote_ssh_access false;set firewall remote_telnet_access false

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the command is to disaBle the remote_ssh and remote_telnet access.

SMS received:

OK

ОК

admin:admin; set lan network 1 interface lan0; set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24; set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0; set lan network 1 mtu 1500

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the commands is to configure the LAN parameter.

SMS received:

OK

OK

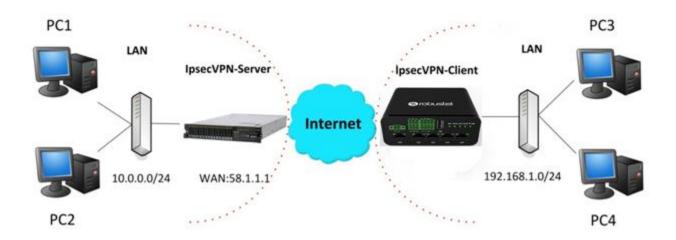
OK

OK

5.2 VPN Configuration Example

5.2.1 IPsec VPN

IPSec VPN sample topology (configuration of Ike and SA parameters of server and client must be consistent):





IPsec VPN_Server:

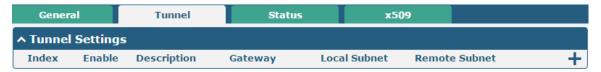
Cisco 2811:

```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption
                  Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
                 Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
                  Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  group
  hash
                  Set hash algorithm for protection suite
                  Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
  lifetime
                  Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmp) #encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp) #hash md5
Router(config-isakmp) #authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp) #group 2
Router(config-isakmp)#exit
Router(config) #crypto isakmp ?
  client Set client configuration policy
  enable Enable ISAKMP
  kev
          Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
Router(config) #crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
Router(config) #crypto ?
  dynamic-map Specify a dynamic crypto map template
               Configure IPSEC policy
  ipsec
  isakmp
               Configure ISAKMP policy
              Long term key operations
  kev
               Enter a crypto map
  map
Router(config) #crypto ipsec ?
  security-association Security association parameters
                        Define transform and settings
  transform-set
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
  ah-sha-hmac AH-HMAC-SHA transform
                ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-3des
  esp-aes
                ESP transform using AES cipher
               ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config) #crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
Router(config) #ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl) #permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl) #exit
Router(config) #crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
        and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map) #match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map) #set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map) #set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map) #exit
Router(config) #interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if) #ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#cr
Router(config-if) #crypto map cry-map
*Jan 3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
```



IPsec VPN_Client:

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel**.

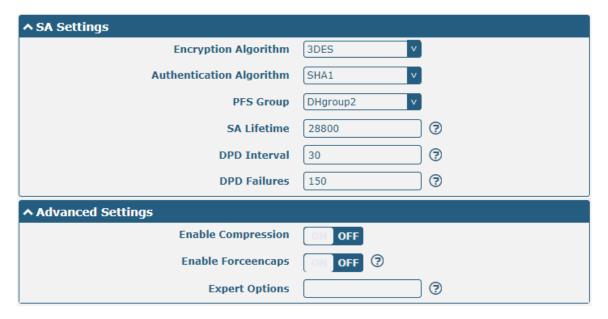


Click + button and set the parameters of IPsec Client as below.



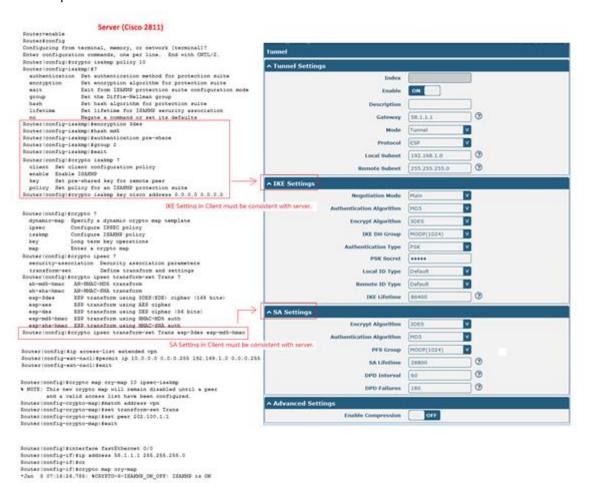






When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

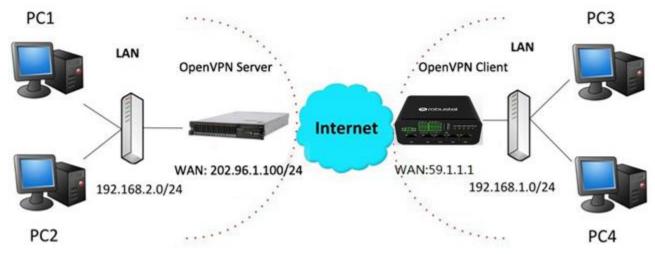
The comparison between IPec Server and Client is as below.





5.2.2 OpenVPN

OpenVPN supports two modes, including Client and P2P. Here takes P2P as an example.



The configuration of two points is as follows.

OpenVPN_Server:

Generate relevant OpenVPN certificate on the server side firstly, and refer to the following commands to configuration the Server:

local 202.96.1.100

mode server

port 1194

proto udp

dev tun

tun-mtu 1500

fragment 1500

ca ca.crt

cert Server01.crt

key Server01.key

dh dh1024.pem

server 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0

ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt

push "route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0"

client-config-dir ccd

route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0

keepalive 10 120

cipher BF-CBC

comp-lzo

max-clients 100

persist-key

persist-tun

status openvpn-status.log

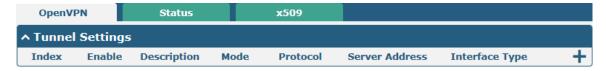
verB 3

Note: For more configuration details, please contact your technical support engineer.

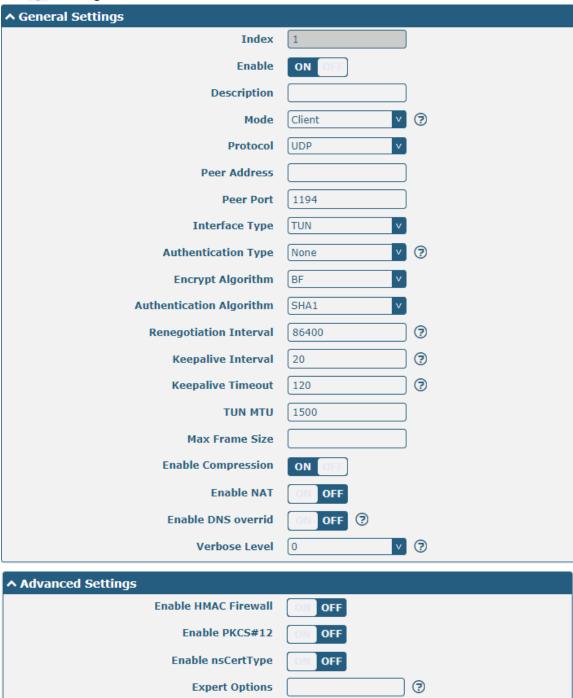


OpenVPN_Client:

Click VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN as below.



Click + to configure the Client01 as below.



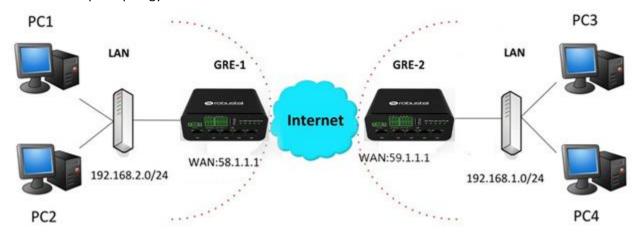
When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

RT_UG_R1520_v.1.0.1 Oct. 15, 2020 143/159



5.2.3 GRE VPN

GRE VPN example topology:



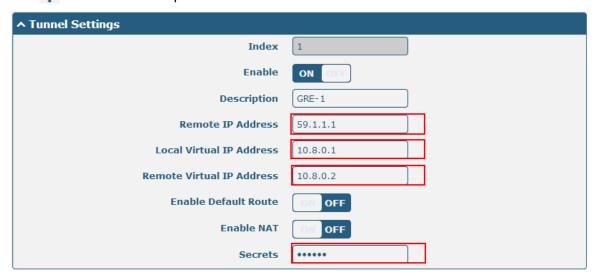
The configuration of two points is as follows.

GRE-1:

The window is displayed as below by clicking VPN > GRE > GRE.



Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.

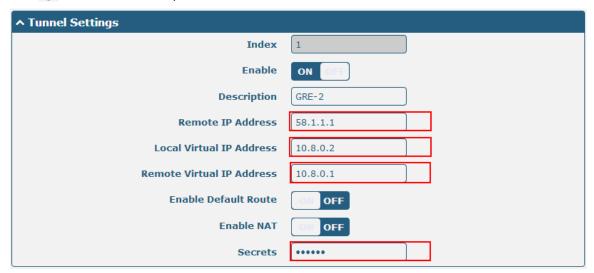


When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.



GRE-2:

Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-2 as below.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between GRE-1 and GRE-2 is as below.

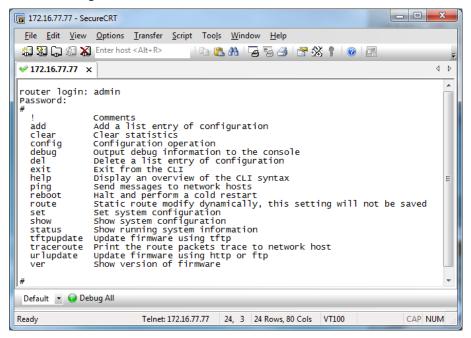




Chapter 6 Introductions for CLI

6.1 What Is CLI

The Command Line Interface (CLI) is a set of software interfaces that provide another way to configure device parameters. Users can connect to the router through SSH or telnet to configure CLI commands. After establishing a Telnet or SSH connection with the router, enter the login account and password (default admin/admin) to enter the router's configuration mode, as shown below.



Router login:

Router login: admin Password: admin

#

CLI commands:

```
#? (Note: the '?' won't display on the page.)
                  Comments
  add
                     Add a list entry of configuration
                    Clear statistics
  clear
                    Configuration operation
  config
  debug
                     Output debug information to the console
                    Delete a list entry of configuration
  del
                    Exit from the CLI
  exit
                    Display an overview of the CLI syntax
  help
                   Download OpenVPN certificate file via http or ftp
  ovpn_cert_get
```



ping Send messages to network hosts

reboot Halt and perform a cold restart

set Set system configuration

show Show system configuration

status Show running system information

tftpupdate Update firmware or configuration file using tftp

traceroute Print the route packets trace to network host

trigger Trigger action

urlupdate Update firmware via http or ftp

ver Show version of firmware



6.2 How to Configure the CLI

Following is a table about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description	
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.	
	Example:	
	# config (Tick '?')	
	config Configuration operation	
	# config (Tick the space key+'?')	
	commit Save the configuration changes and take effect changed	
	configuration	
	save_and_apply Save the configuration changes and take effect changed	
	configuration	
	loaddefault Restore Factory Configuration	
Ctrl+c	Tick these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also	
	can be used for "break" out of the setting program.	
Syntax error: The command is not	Command is not completed.	
completed		
Tick space key+ Tab key	It can help you finish your currently incomplete commands.	
	Example:	
	# config (tick Enter key)	
	Syntax error: The command is not completed	
	# config (tick space key+ Tab key)	
	commit save_and_apply loaddefault	
# config save_and_apply /	When your setting finished, you should enter those commands to make	
#config commit	your setting take effect on the device.	
	Note: Commit and save_and_apply plays the same role.	

6.3 Commands Reference

Commands	Syntax	Description
Debug	Debug parameters	enable on or disenable the debug function
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function
Set	Set parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the
Add	Add parameters	difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list
		parameter

Note: More detail about CLI command, please refer to "Command Line Interface Guide".



6.4 Quick Start with Configuration ExampleS

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then read all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

Example 1: Show current version

```
# status system
hardware_version = 1.1
firmware_version = 3.1.0
firmware_version_full = "3.1.0 (Rev 3199)"
kernel_version = 4.9.152
device_model = R1520
serial_number = ""
uptime = "0 days, 00:06:51"
system_time = "Thu May 14 05:55:52 2020 (NTP not updated)"
ram_usage = "74M Free/128M Total"
```

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp

```
# tftpupdate (space+?)
 firmware New firmware
# tftpupdate firmware (space+?)
 String Firmware name
# tftpupdate firmware r1520-firmware-3.1.0.ruf host 192.168.100.99 // enter a new firmware name
 Downloading
r1520-firmware-s 100% | ***************** 5018k 0: 00: 00 ETA
Flashing
Checking 100%
Decrypting 100%
Flashing 100%
Verifying 100%
Verfify Success
upgrade success
                                             // update success
# config save_and_apply
OK
                                             // make you configuration effect after reboot
```

Example 3: Set link-manager

```
# set
# set (space+?)
ai Al
cellular Cellular
```



ddns DDNS
dido DIDO
email Email
ethernet Ethernet

event Event Management

firewall Firewall gps GPS gre GRE

ip_passthrough IP Passthrough

ipsec IPSec

lan Local Area Network

link_manager Link Manager

ntp NTP

openvpn OpenVPN

reboot Automatic Reboot

route Route
serial_port Serial Port
sms SMS
ssh SSH
syslog Syslog
system System
usb USB

web_server Web Server wifi WiFi AP

set link_management

primary_link Primary Link
Backup_link Backup Link
Backup_mode BackSup Mode
emergency_reBoot
link Link Settings

set link_management primary_link (space+?)
Enum Primary Link (wwan1/wwan2/wan/wlan)

Enam Trimary Enik (Wwanz) Wanzi Wanj Wan

set link_management primary_link wwan1

set link_manager link 1

OK

type Type

desc Description
connection_type Connection Type
wwan WWAN Settings

static_addr Static Address Settings

pppoe PPPoE Settings ping Ping Settings

mtu MTU

dns1_overrided Overrided Primary DNS dns2_overrided Overrided Secondary DNS

//select "wwan1" as primary link
//setting succeed



```
# set link_manager link 1 type wwan1
OK
# set link_manager link 1 wwan
  auto_apn
                              Automatic APN Selection
                              APN
  apn
                              Username
  username
  password
                              Password
  dialup_numBer
                              Dialup NumBer
  auth_type
                              Authentication Type
  aggressive_reset
                              Aggressive Reset
  switch_By_data_allowance    Switch SIM By Data Allowance
  data_allowance
                              Data Allowance
  Billing_day
                              Billing Day
# set link_manager link 1 wwan switch_By_data_allowance true
OK
# set link manager link 1 wwan data allowance 100
                                                                  //open cellular switch_by_data_traffic
OK
                                                                  //setting succeed
# set link_manager link 1 wwan Billing_day 1
                                                                  //setting specifies the day of month for billing
                                                                  //setting succeed
OK
# config save and apply
OK
                                        //save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 4: Set Ethernet

```
# set Ethernet port_setting 2 port_assignment lan0 //Set Table 2 (eth1) to lan0

OK

# config save_and_apply //make you configuration effect

OK
```

Example 5: Set LAN IP address

```
# show lan all
network {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 192.168.0.1
    netmask = 255.255.255.0
    mtu = 1500
    dhcp {
```



```
152umber = true
         mode = server
         relay_server = ""
         pool_start = 192.168.0.2
         pool_end = 192.168.0.100
         netmask = 255.255.255.0
         gateway = ""
         primary_dns = ""
         secondary_dns = ""
         wins_server = ""
         lease_time = 120
         expert_options = ""
         152umbe_enaBle = false
    }
}
multi_ip {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 172.16.24.24
    netmask = 255.255.0.0
}
#
# set lan
  network
                  Network Settings
  multi_ip
             Multiple IP Address Settings
  vlan
                  VLAN
# set lan network 1(space+?)
  interface Interface
             IP Address
  ip
  netmask
             Netmask
  mtu
             MTU
             DHCP Settings
  dhcp
# set lan network 1 interface lan0
OK
# set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24
                                                 //set IP address for lan
                                                 //setting succeed
OK
# set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
OK
#
# config save_and_apply
ОК
                                                  //save and apply current configuration, make you configuration
effect
```



Example 6: CLI for setting Cellular

```
# show cellular all
sim {
    id = 1
    card = sim1
    phone_numBer = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
    Band_select_type = all
    Band_gsm_850 = false
    Band_gsm_900 = false
    Band_gsm_1800 = false
    Band_gsm_1900 = false
    Band_wcdma_850 = false
    Band_wcdma_900 = false
    Band_wcdma_1900 = false
    Band_wcdma_2100 = false
    Band_Ite_800 = false
    Band_lte_850 = false
    Band_Ite_900 = false
    Band Ite 1800 = false
    Band_lte_1900 = false
    Band_lte_2100 = false
    Band_Ite_2600 = false
    Band_lte_1700 = false
    Band_lte_700 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
sim {
    id = 2
    card = sim2
    phone_numBer = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network type = auto
    Band_select_type = all
    Band_gsm_850 = false
    Band_gsm_900 = false
    Band_gsm_1800 = false
    Band_gsm_1900 = false
    Band_wcdma_850 = false
    Band_wcdma_900 = false
    Band_wcdma_1900 = false
```



```
Band_wcdma_2100 = false
    Band_lte_800 = false
    Band_Ite_850 = false
    Band_lte_900 = false
    Band_Ite_1800 = false
    Band Ite 1900 = false
    Band_Ite_2100 = false
    Band_Ite_2600 = false
    Band_lte_1700 = false
    Band_Ite_700 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    Band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
# set(space+?)
                    ΑI
  cellular
                   Cellular
  ddns
                     DDNS
  dido
                     DIDO
  email
                    Email
  ethernet
                    Ethernet
  event
                    Event Management
  firewall
                   Firewall
                     GPS
  gps
                     GRE
  gre
  ip_passthrough
                   IP Passthrough
  ipsec
                    IPSec
  lan
                    Local Area Network
  link_manager
                    Link Manager
  ntp
                     NTP
                     OpenVPN
  openvpn
  reboot
                    Automatic Reboot
  route
                    Route
  serial_port
                   Serial Port
                     SMS
  sms
  ssh
                    SSH
  syslog
                    Syslog
  system
                     System
                     USB
  usb
  web_server
                    Web Server
  wifi
                    WiFi AP
# set cellular(space+?)
 sim SIM Settings
# set cellular sim(space+?)
```



Integer Index (1..2)

set cellular sim 1(space+?)

card SIM Card

phone_number Phone Number

PIN Code pin_code extra_at_cmd Extra AT Cmd telnet_port **Telnet Port** network_type Network Type band_select_type **Band Select Type** band_settings **Band Settings** telit_band_settings **Band Settings** debug_enable **Debug Enable**

OK

...

config save_and_apply

OK // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration eff



Glossary

Abbr.	Description
AC	Alternating Current
Al	Analog Input
APN	Access Point Name of GPRS Service Provider Network
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)
СНАР	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
CLI	Command Line Interface for Batch scripting
CSD	Circuit Switched Data
CTS	Clear to Send
dB	Decibel
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator
DC	Direct Current
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution
GND	Ground
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GRE	generic route encapsulation
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access
ID	identification data
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identification
IP	Internet Protocol
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security
kBps	kbits per second
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol



Abbr.	Description	
LAN	local area network	
LED	Light Emitting Diode	
M2M	Machine to Machine	
MAX	Maximum	
Min	Minimum	
МО	Mobile Originated	
MS	Mobile Station	
MT	Mobile Terminated	
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network	
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol	
PC	Personal Computer	
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800	
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900	
PDU	Protocol Data Unit	
PIN	Personal Identity Number	
PLCs	Program Logic Control System	
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol	
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol	
PSU	Power Supply Unit	
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key	
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RTS	Request to Send	
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit	
Rx	Receive Direction	
SDK	Software Development Kit	
SIM	subscriber identification module	
SMA antenna	Rubber antenna or Magnet antenna	
SMS	Short Message Service	
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol	
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol	
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE	
Tx	Transmit Direction	
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter	
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System	
USB	Universal Serial Bus	
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data	
VDC	Volts Direct Current	
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network	
VPN	Virtual Private Network	
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio	



Abbr.	Description
WAN	Wide Area Network

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